Nabulsi: Reserves situation strong

AMMAN (Petra) - Central Bank of Jordan (CBJ) Governor Mohammd Al Nabulsi said Tuesday the financial and monetary situation in Jordan was stronger than any time in the past. In a lecture he delivered at Amman Rotary Club. Dr. Nabulsi seid Jordan had come out triumphant in the battle of challenges which orean had come out triumphant in the battle of challenges which it had been facing since the beginning of this year when its foreign currency reserves dropped. Dr. Nabulsi said the CBJ regained over the past two months \$150 million of its foreign currency reserve. Foreign currency is flowing to the CBJ and all the lost reserves would be recovered by the end of September, Dr. Nabulsi said. "The challenges facing us were dealing with political issues. However, we were able to overcome these challenges." Dr. Nabulsi stressed that the CBJ will not be taken by surprise. He pointed out that Jordan has more than \$1.4 billion worth of gold and foreign currency reserves.

Volume 18 Number 5714

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AMMAN WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 14, 1994, RABI' ALTHANI 8, 1415

Price: Jordan 150 Fils

Jordan, Israel end talks describing results as positive

Combined agency dispatches

JORDAN AND ISRAEL on Tuesday ended two days of negotiations on a multitude of bilateral issnes with both sides describing the ontcome of the talks as positive.

Fayez Tarawneh, Jordan's chief delegate, told reporters in Tiberias in northern Israel where the talks were held that the two sides "discussed thoroughly all subjects on the agendas of the (Jordanian-Israeli) bilateral committee and the (Jordanian-American-Israeli) trilateral committee meetings."

"Discussions also covered major issues such as water, boundaries and territories,' Dr. Tarawneh said, "Some gaps were bridged in some

Elyakim Rnhinstein, head of the Israeli delegation, also described the talks as serious and positive and said both parties had "genuine desire to make progress on the various issues under discus-

The negotiators have agreed to open a second border crossing between the two

Meeting at a conference centre on the shores of the Sea of Galilee, negotiators agreed that the new crossing would be at the Sheikh Hussouth of the sea, and would

open by the end of October. Yossi Gal, spokesman for the Israelis, said the third crossing will be subjected to the same restrictions as the King Hussein Bridge and the recently opened crossing near the resorts of Eilat and Aqaha. Bulldozers have

started working on the road. Jordan started letting Israelis who had citizenship from a third country into Jordan after declaring an end to the state of war with the Jewish state in July.

Prime Minister Yitzhak Rahin, who is also interior minister, signed an order making it legal for Israelis holding a foreign passport to visit Jordan, Israel Radio said. The Jerusalem Post said Jordan agreed to this move.

Mr. Rnhinstein said on Israel radio that they raised the possibility of Palestinians joining what would become trilateral talks on economic

We will continue discussing this as a potentially important matter. It is not planned for this session and if it does happen it won't be before October," Mr. Rubinstein said.

An agreement on aviation rights was delayed because of disagreements over the altitude Jordanian planes could overfly Israel, an Israeli dele-

"The variety of (aviation) interests will have to be resaid Eitan Bentsur, the director-general of Israel's foreign ministry.

Jordanian spokesman Marwan Muasher said Jordan's

position on borders with Israel is based on clear principles and firm determination to regain full sovereignty on all Jordanian lands.

Dr. Muasher said that a technical committee continued its examination of the question of borders but had not finished its work.

A joint committee on the development of the Jordan Rift Valley is due to meet with the American side soon to put the finishing touches to a joint working paper and it is hoped that the final version of the plan would be finalised by the end of September, he

The most important projects to be implemented in the Jordan Valley, Dr. Muasher said, include a Red-Dead Sea canal, which is a huge project requiring international funding since the two sides cannot come up with the required funds, estimated at \$1.5 hillion to \$3

"Should this project be implemented the Dead Sea would be restored to its natural position that existed at the start of the present century, and the project would generate vast amounts of energy,

As to commercial exchanges, the two sides agreed on allowing Jordan to export something which Israel had banned to date, the spokes-

man noted. However, he added, the

TEL AVIV (Agencies) — Israeli Prime Minister Yit-

zhak Rabin says he has de-

tected a shift in Syrian Presi-

dent Hafez Al Assad's stance

Mr. Rabin made the com-

in favour of peace.

Rabin detects

'shift' in Syria

ment depends on an agreement with the Palestinian

Agreement was reached with the Israeli side that Israel should offer facilities for Palestinian merchants wishing to import goods from Jordan, Dr. Muasher said.

On the demarcation of borders, be said that the joint borders committee has been at work in the past weeks and agreed on common points for unifying the maps but not points for demarcation of borders.

"This is because the two sides have their own maps, and we should have common terms of reference for drawing up unified maps," he

Referring to civil aviation, he said there was discussion on "experimental corridors" hut the two sides have not yet come to an agreement and discussion is continuing on this matter.

The development of the Jordan Valley is to take place in the light of studies of investment plans, he said, noting that each side has its own concepts and ideas. Therefore plans have to be merged into integrated plans acquiring the approval of the two

He said the two sides agreed to hold the next meeting on Sept. 28 and 29 at the Dead Sea Hotel on the Jorda-

(Continued on page 12)

Demonstrators demanding arms and consumption control rather than population control stage a protest in Cairo (AFP)

Cairo conference adopts plan on population control

CAIRO (Agencies) — The U.N. population conference on Tuesday approved a 20year plan aimed at curbing humanity's burgeoning numbers and stimulating economic development. Quihbling Over language on sex went up to the last minute.

The programme of action broadens the approach to population control by putting it for the first time in the context of economic development, environmental protection and - especially -

empowerment of women. Egyptian Population Minister Maher Mahran declared the conference closed at 6.15 p.m. (1515 GMT), saying the conference prog-ramme of action would "make a major difference in the quality of life of the world community living today and for the happiness of future generations.

day's speeches that they had

Delegates from some 180 countries adopted the programme by consensus, but more than 20 said in the final

objections over abortion and

reproductive health provi-

When the final gavel came down, the delegates applauded the end to nine days of work and hard dehate. Timothy Wirth, a U.S. State-Department undersecretary and head of the

U.S. delegation, praised "the spirit of Cairo" and added: 'In time, all nations will come to understand the profound change ... of the programme we approved today. The Vancan, which led the fight to water down wording

on sexual issues, announced it was joining the consensus on certain parts of the document, a softening of its rejection of U.N. population documents in 1974 and 1984. But the Vatican delegate, Archbishop Renato Martino,

said the Holy See could not support any sections "recognising abortion as a dimension of population policy and primary health care." He also rejected wording the Vatican reads as approving extramar-

Muslim and Roman Catholic nations expressing objec-

nons in Tuesday's session were not rejecting the report, hut only listing "reserva-nons" under U.N. rules. It was not immediately clear how many of the reservations

would become footnotes to the document. In announcing the Vati-can's stand, Archhishop Martino said the Holy See wishes in some way to join. even if in an incomplete or partial way," the consensus

on the report. He said the Vancan would support sections on the family, sustainable development, the empowerment of women and migration.

Fuzzing language to accommodate the Vatican and Muslim nations had brought complaints from some Western delegations that wanted stronger stands on sexual rights.

Muslim countries, including the host nation Egypt, criticised use of the word "individuals" in a section on sexual activity. Muslims have argued this suggests approval for extramarital relations (see

The leader of the Iranian delegation, Mohammad Ali Taskhiri, argued that "this document, with all the positive aspects it contains, does not take into consideration the role of religious beliefs

El Salvador, Malta and Colombia expressed reservations about a long dehated chapter on abortion, aimed at ensuring the procedure was carried out safely. They were joined by several Muslim countries.

The conference's plan will not he hinding on the nations that agree to it. But delegates say it carries a "moral weight" and gives new ammunition to politicians and private groups to lobby for change.

Nafis Sadik, secretarygeneral of the conference, told reporters she was satis-

fied with the debate. "All the revisions, they really don't change the sense of any of it, and I believe that the spirit for implementing it is very much there." she told a press conference.

Peres, Arafat vow to break deadlock

OSLO (Agencies) — Israeli Foreign Minister Shimon Peres and Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) leader Yasser Arafat vowed on Tuesday to try to break a deadlock over Jerusalem which could unblock aid for Palestinian self-rule projects. Both leaders arrived in

Oslo to have talks with each other, international donors and Norwegian mediators exactly one year after an Israel-PLO peace accord was signed in Washington. Originally invited to attend

a concert marking the first anniversary of the historic pact, their visit took on a sense of urgency after the collapse of talks last Friday of an international meeting in Paris on Palestinian development projects and financial

Disagreement between the PLO and Israel over East Jerusalem meant the meeting was adjourned without any discussion of development projects and financial issues. "Where there is a will there is a way," Mr. Arafat

told reporters at Oslo airport.

RAMALLAH, occupied

West Bank (Agencies) — Hardline Palestinians closed

down businesses in the occu-

pied West Bank town of

Tuesday's first anniversary of

the Palestinian self-rule

The Islamic Resistance

Movement (Hamas), which

opposes the antonomy agree-

ment and is pursing the

armed struggle against Israel,

but schools remained open

and local buses ran in the

town of about 50,000 inhabi-

Israel and the Palestine Li-

beration Organisation (PLO)

signed the declaration of

principles for autonomy in

Washington on Sept. 13,

Shops and businesses shut

called the stoppage.

Hardliners strike

to oppose self-rule

saying he expected a great deal from his Oslo meetings.

The World Bank called off the Paris meeting, designed to pay out some of the aid pledged to Palestinians to cover the costs of administering self-rule territories, after Israel and the PLO clashed over Jerusalem.

Israel, which regards Jerusalem as its "indivisible and eternal capital," insisted on the removal of projects in East Jerusalem from the Palestinian 1995 budget. The Palestinians refused,

saying they did not want to accept a precedent that donors could not fund projects in East Jerusalem, which they view as the future capital of a Palestinian state.

Mr. Peres told a news conference he was intent on solving the problem, indicating the main issue was bow money should be channelled to East Jerusalem. "We shall look for a solution and not extend a quarrel," he said. Asked if the controversial funding could be kept in the

(Continued on page 12)

Palestinian refugees and

hardliners in Lebanon also

marked the first anniversary

of the historic peace accord

with Israel with protests and

factions issued statements

attacking the agreement that

led to this year's implementa-

tion of Palestinian self-rule in

the West Bank town of

Jericho and the Gaza Strip.

the Popular Front for the

Liberation of Palestine, said

the accord formed a "dark

page" in the history of the

Palestinian national struggle.

(Continued on page 12)

His sentiments were

In Syria, three Palestinian

angry denunciations.

ments in a televised link up with U.S. President Bill Clin-"We have the right to expect that the participants in ton late Monday. Referring to a speech by the peace process live up to the Syrian leader on Saturtheir commitments. And we day, Mr. Rahin said: "In the also hope that all those in the past we used always not to region who have been urging us to continue to play an refer to what the Arah leadenergetic role will do their ers, ministers are speaking part, too," he said. abroad, but what they did say

in Arabic to their own peo-"And President Assad spoke about a strategy of peace, and accepting the objective conditions of peace, he did not speak of normalisation, but it is a

slight change in their public diplomacy. Mr. Assad told parliament that Syria was "aware of the objective requirements of peace and is ready to conform to the requirements on which an accord will be

based. Foreign Minister Shimon Peres hailed the comments as a "declaration of peace" and called for a new approach to find an accord with Syria. Meanwhile, Mr. Clinton called on Arab countries to

"We have the right to expect that the participants in the peace process will respect their commitments," he said. "We also hope that all

drop their han on trade with

those in the region who have been urging us to continue to play an energetic role will do their part too, in particular in taking steps now to dismantle the Arah hoycott of Israel.

But Lebanese Foreign Minister Fares Bouez, in an interview published in Beirut on Tuesday, urged Arab oilproducing states to keep up the boycott saying it was a key negotiating card in Arab

echoed in separate statements issued by Ahmad Jib-ril's Popular Front for the "(We) should not give in to international pressure which Liberation of Palestineis aimed at removing from Arab hands this key card,"

In a taped address to Jewish organisations meeting in Chicago at the weekend, Mr. Clinton said that the international community "must do all it can to ensure that Arabs and Israelis realise the full benefits of peace."

"In particular, by taking teps now to dismantle the Arab boycott of Israel."

Mr. Clinton praised Arab and Israeli leaders for their historic moves towards peace, singling out King Has-san II of Morocco who last week began the process of establishing diplomatic relations with Israel.

Meanwhile, a State Department spokesman said that Secretary of State Warren Christopher would travel to the Middle East in October to push forward talks between Syria and Israel. Spokesman Michael McCurry told a briefing for journalists that Mr. Christopher "would like to tour the region soon," adding: "I suspect soon might mean Octo-

The spokesman voiced cantious optimism over Syria. "Assad reaffirmed his willingness to make progress but ... a lot of work remains to be done," Mr. McCurry said. Mr. Christopher was scheduled to visit the Middle East this month but the spokesman said that the trip was

unlikely "given the Jewish

holidays and the schedule

that he has at the U.N. General Assembly." The United States welcomes "Svria's continued commitment to the peace process," the spokesman said, noting that President Assad's speech to parliament "reaffirmed that Syria bas made the strategic choice for peace with Israel they have discussed on prior occa-

'Settlers planned attack on Palestinian

HQ'

OCCUPIED JERU-SALEM (AFP) - Jewish settlers were planning an attack on the East Jerusalem headquarters of the Palestinian delegation to peace talks with Israel, a newspaper reported Tuesday. Eight suspects were arrested in the last week as alleged members of an extreme right-wing Jewish underground network which murdered several Palestinians. Several men were caught outside the Orient House headquarters with guns and grenades in their car just minutes before an assault, the Yediot Abaronot reported. Palestinian security men, who guard the huilding. were among the targets of the settlers, the daily said, quoting sources in the Ísraeli security services. Faisal Husseini, the West Bank leader of Fateh. works from Orient House. which is owned by his family. A majority of the suspects, including two army officers, were from the hardline settlement of

Kiryat Arba, home of the

Hebron mosque killer

Baruch Goldstein. The set-

tlers are also suspected of

murdering five Palestinians

in the last year.

Bouez: Too early for direct peace talks

page 12).

BEIRUT (AP) — Foreign Minister Faris Bonez said Tuesday it was currently "unjustifiable" to engage in highlevel, direct negotiations with Israel.

Low-level talks bave been stalled since February and the United States has been acting as intermediary to belp restart the negotiations. Mr. Bouez, in a news con-

ference before heading to Egypt for a meeting of Arab League foreign ministers due to begin Wednesday, also argued that the Arab economic boycott of the Jewish state be maintained.

Lifting the boycott, in force since Israel was created in 1948, would strip the Arabs of a bargaining chip in the peace process, Mr. Bouez said.
"We believe this is a kind

that falls outside the framework of serious negotiations," Mr. Bouez said. In a related development, President Elias Hrawi received a message from the Clinton administration Tuesday, state-run Beirut radio

The message, whose contents were not divulged, was delivered by the U.S. charge d'affaires in Beirut, Vincent Battle.

Arab-Israeli negotiations have been conducted in recent months through U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher or his emissaries in shuttle missions between Israel and Syria. In his news conference.

Mr. Bouez spoke of an "American dynamism in the negotiations" and of further progress in the talks, begun three years ago at a Middle East peace conference in Madrid, Spain.

But the foreign minister said more discussions were needed before Lebanon moves to direct. high-level negotiations with Israel, as the Palestinians and Jordan have done.

We believe that any highlevel direct negotiations are unjustifiable as long as the principles and foundations of the peace process are subject to interpretation by Israel, he said.

Talk of upgrading the negotiations - to the foreign ministers' level, according to media reports - could only be raised when there is at least a clear Israeli commitment" to a complete withdrawal from occupied Arab lands, Mr. Bouez said.

Mr. Bouez said Lehanon has rejected several Israeli withdrawal offers hecause they lacked a clear commitment to a complete pullout according to a fixed timetable that would enable the Lebanese government to spread its authority over the

evacuated areas. Israel has occupied a (1,100-square-kilometre) border strip in south Lebanon since 1985 as a "security zone" to guard against crossborder guerrilla attacks.

The area is patrolled by 1,200 Israeli troops and 2,50) milinamen of the surrogate South Lebanon Army. Israel bas offered a conditional pullback from the

area and demanded that the Lebanese government curb on what is now the last active Arab-Israeli war front. The Beirut government. which supports guerrillas

seeking to dislodge the Israelis and their local allies from the south, has said it will not curb the attacks before a full withdrawal.

Beilin hopeful

In Assisi, Italy, an Israeli official said Monday he was hopeful of a hreakthrough with Syria in the coming

"They (relations) are the closest as they have ever been because we have a common denominator: Israel is ready to withdraw (from the Goian Heights) ... and Syria is ready to make peace." Deputy Foreign Minister Yossi Bellin told a news conference.

Mr. Beilin spoke at a conference sponsored by the community of San Egidio. a Rome-based group promoting dialogue and cooperation among faiths.

Middle East peace still fragile one year on

By Robert Mahoney Reuter

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM — Israel is scrambling to train diplomats to fill a flood of new embassies. Its economic planners are devising grandiose schemes to harness the resources of the Middle

Its armed forces are taking delivery of the most sophisticated American weaponry and U.S.-backed loans are helping to finance the biggest economic overhaul in the Jewish state's near half century of existence.

One year after Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rahin and Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) leader Yasser Arafat shook hands at the White House, Israel is consolidating its political and economic hold in the Middle East and pour... ng an international image tarmined by its occupation of Arab land.

Paiestinians, meanwhile, are still strugger to huild the institutions and the money to run the limited self-rule Israel granted them in the declaration of principles, a loose framewor?: accord negotiated in secret in Oslo and sealed in Washington on Sept. 13 last year. The first stages of the accord have been achieved.



greeted by Israeli President Erez Weizman at a

Syrian author Farouk Manjouna (right) is festival of Arab and Israeli poets held in occupied Jerusalem on Monday as a "salute to

although months hehind schedule. Israel has pulled its army out of the Gaza Strip and Jericho, and Mr. Arafat has returned.

The world would like to think the Palestinian problem is solved and peace is coming to the Middle East. Israel, Luking in the new warmth of international acceptance, is keen to encourage this belief. Arah states are weary of the Palestinian issue and want to exploit the new economic and political opportunities of the post-communist

Middle East, Israelis argue. Once Syria follows Egypt, Jordan and the PLO in making a deal with its Jewish neighbour, up to 20 Arah and Muslim countries will rush to establish ties with Israel, they

The Israeli foreign ministry. is ahuzz with excitement at the possibility and sure that

the deal with the PLO will work. ·

"Oslo will prevail in spite of all the difficulties," Foreign Minister Shimon Peres told an upbeat conference of senior officials marking the accord's first anniversary.

The mood in the Palestinian camp is decidedly dar-

ker.
"The Oslo agreement is security guarantees are the about principles only," said Khalil Shqaqi, a political scikey to redeployment in the West Bank, particularly in a tiers live in the middle of the

Arah population.
Privately PLO officials re-sent what they see as Israel's veto over the progress of the accord but they acknowledge that they have little choice but to stick with the agree-

Palestinian opposition groups seize on this as proof that the Palestinians came off the poorer in the deal with

Israel.
"Objectively Israel got most of what it wanted," Mr. Shqaqi said. "It got out of the jungle of Gaza, won international support and is now opening up to the world," he

Palestinians got the first building blocks of a new nation but the scales were still tipped in Israel's favour. Israel, eager to continue making inroads to the Arah World, wants to portray Oslo

"All these achievements tions, which the Oslo accord. would have been impossible f this had been a one-sided deal," said Uri Savir, director-general of the Israeh

a "win-win" bargain.

foreign ministry.
"It is not for me to give the Palestinian balance sheet, ex-

cept that the deal that we signed was one that gave benefits to both sides which is the premise for any success,"

Police want new recruits in West Bank TEL AVIV (AFP) - Israeli

Police Minister Moshe Shahal called Tnesday for thousands of additional border police to be recruited to patrol the West Bank in the coming mouths as Palestinian self-rule spreads. "The redeployment of the army from built-up Palestinian areas on the West Bank will require the recruitment and deploy-

meut of thousands of border guards," he said. The men were needed to maintain security on roads and around Israeli areas, Mr. Shahal told Israel Radio, He was referring not only to Jewish settlers but also four land corridors to enable Palestinians to travel in safety between Jericho and the Gaza Strip.

Mr. Shahal said 800 border guards had already been recruited but their numbers were not enough. .

Gore announces U.S. business partnerships in West Bank, Gaza The projects include a fac WASHINGTON (USIA) -

The hope and promise created last year (by the signing of the declaration of princi-ples by Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin and Palestinian leader Yasser Arafat is being actively translated into real economic progress and development." said Vice President Al Gore, as he announced the completion of an agreement for husiness partnerships between Amer-

icans and Palestinians in the

West Bank and Gaza.

Mr. Gore said this agreement "establishes a framework that allows the Oversees Private Investment Corporation (OPIC) to begin offering loans, loan guarantees and political risk insurance to American companies with ventures in the West Bank and Gaza." He credited Ruth Harkin, president of OPIC, for getting the agreement signed.

Recognising that private sector initiatives in the West Bank and Gaza would be critical to the peace process, Arab and Jewish American husiness leaders, who witnessed the historic signing, joined together in huilders for peace and in other ways to invest and build working relationships and joint ven-

tures in the region.
Mr. Gore said the United States government will provide support to five projects announced by OPIC, Builders for Peace and other investors which wil result in 1,800 temporary or permanent jobs and an initial investment of approximately \$87 million in the West Bank

The United States has committed \$500 million to Palestinian development over five years to bolster political tory to bottle mineral water another factory making furniture, three huxury hotels and a plant to produce building materials.

OPIC will offer loans, lo guarantees and insuran American companies volved in the projects.

Mr. Gore said Monday We can never lose sight of our common objective comprehensive peace in which all the peoples of the Middle East can live secure and with dignity.

"Let me here acknowledge Builders for Peace — including my good friends Jim Zoghy and Mel Levine. I have said that in the past Jim and Mel rarely agreed on any thing. But this administration takes this as our premise: the developing the Palestinian private sector is the faster way to create good jobs and opportunities. And private sector growth promotes stable civil society - which in turn, provides the best way of ensuring regional coopera-"On this Jim Zogby and

Mel Levine agree.

"Not only do they agree, but they — and the other memhers of Builders for Peace — have worked tirelessly to make it happen.
"When I was in South Afri-

ca for Nelson Mandela's in auguration, Chairman Arain approached me and thanked the United States for helping to create huilders. We've all seen the public endorse ments, hut this one was special. It shows that your work all of your work - builden and other private sector investors, and U.S. government agencies -- is deeply appreciated and is making

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profound difference." support for the peace deal.

BEIRUT (R) - Lebanon has repeated its charge that

archaeological pillage in the castern Bekaa Valley and South Lebanon during their 1982-85 occupation, Culture

niving with an "international mafia" of unscrupulous people in the art world to spirit artefacts abroad.

Bekaa)," Mr. Edee said. Addressing a gathering in the Bekaa town of Baalbek at

Zurich.

Eshmoun was a Hellenistic-Persian god of

with the connivance of the international mafia, to take ont of the country an archaeological treasure estimated at millions of dollars and we are going to try, through Interpol, to recover

less than two weeks that Mr. Edde has charged Israel with looting Lehanon's vast but neglected cultural treasures.

Mr. Edde said the government was trying to recover archaeological treasures

citizens against looting archaeological sites, many of which are unguarded and have not been professionally excavated.

quities and would receive 1 reward of 30 per cent of its value.

abroad, Mr. Edde said.

Foreigners returning to Lebanon but no Americans While corporate America

By Samir F. Ghattas The Associated Press

BEIRUT — Its name long synonymous with terror.

Lehanon is luring foreigners Tourists, reassured by im-

proved security, are back on the beaches and at ancient ruins, and husiness people are flocking to cash in on the post-war rehuilding hlitz. Belgian waitresses are

training at a posh Beirut hotel, Italian technicians are updating the antiquated telephone system, British engineers are working on construction projects, and Brit-ish, French and Arah popstars are lining up to perform. Embassies, aid groups,

foreign airlines and companies are back or preparing to return to Beirut, a playground for wealthy Europeans and Arabs hefore the 1975-90 civil war turned it into a haven for kidnappers and bombers.

European companies are profiting from the huge reconstruction effort, financed

through the sale of shares in a private company and tens of millions of dollars donated by

Gulf countries.
Some \$1.8 billion alone is being spent to raze and rehuild Beirut's devastated commercial centre. The restoration of phone, sewage, electricity and water systems will cost hundreds of mil-

American businesses are losing out. Washington has banned Americans from using U.S. passports to travel to Lehanon since 1987 and few companies have tried to get around the restrictions.

There are no exact figures on how many foreigners have returned, but Labour Ministry figures show 615 Westerners were issued work permits in 1993. More than 200 were from France, the former colonial power in Lebanon: Only 24 were Americans.

While Lehanon has not returned to the pre-war days when 500,000 or so foreigners visited each year, more and

nightclubs and at tourist sites. "At the first moments there was a flutter of fear, because Beirut doesn't have a good reputation," said Zoc-chi Al Mamo, a 42-year-old

Italian engineer. "Bnt that passed quickly;" said Mr. Mamo, who arrived three months ago to work for Siemens, the German electronics company that is re-building Beirut's telephone

Brian Whithread, 41. a British construction en-. gineer, was among the first Westerners to return, in "It's getting better and bet-

ter all the time," he said.

"There are police around. ... I don't feel threatened at Three years ago, the government disarmed most of the militiamen who had

turned Lebanon into a killing

One militia, however, still has its weapons -- the fiercely fundamentalist Islamic rriors of Hizbollah the streets, in restaurants, at are supported by Iran.

Hizhollah's hedrock of support is Lebanon's politically and economically deprived Shiite Muslim sect. They are the people who spawned most of the groups that kidnapped nearly 100 Westerners during the civil

The Americans paid dearly in Beirut and are taking no

Suicide car-bomh attacks on two U.S. emhassy build-ings and a U.S. Marine Corps base in 1983-84 killed 260 Americans. Seventeen Americans were kidnapped between 1983 and 1987, three died in captivity. The last American hostage - former Associated Press correspondent Terry Anderson - was released in 1991.

The State Department says Lebanon remains a dangerous place and on Aug. 31 renewed its travel han. Despite the restrictions.

about 40,000 Americans visited Lehanon last year, according to Lebaneseof Lebanese descent.

Karen, an American whose grandfather was born in ebanon, came to Beirut this

respects the travel ban, smal-

ler compames are ignoring it.

entist at Nablus University.

"Agreement on im-

plementing those principles is

proving far more difficult."
The two sides are locked in

dispute over how to proceed

to the next phase of the accord, extending Palestinian

rule to the rest of the West

Bank where tens of

thousands of Jewish settlers

are dotted among the Arab

Palestinian projects in Jeru-salem — whose status is not

open for negotiation for at

least another two years - is

also holding np vital interna-tional aid to Gaza and

The PLO, fearing an ero-

sion of popular support for

the accord, wants to speed up its implementation. Israel

will not agree to this until the

PLO proves it can guarantee

of this impasse Mr. Arafat is

calling for Palestinian elec-

says can only be held once

Israel has pulled its troops

feet on elections pending proof that Mr. Arafat can

But Israel is dragging its

Israeli officials agree that

from West Bank towns.

deliver on security.

In an attempt to break out

A row over funding

population.

security.

summer to market her company's luxury line of home furnishings. "You can see a lot of im-provements since I visited last year in terms of roads,

she said. She asked that her last name and her company's name be withheld because of

repairs and construction,'

Tour huses have become common sights at the Roman ruins in Baalbek, replacing the bearded gunmen who made the Bekaa Valley town in eastern Lebanon their stronghold.

"There is nothing to worry about," said Joumana Basbous of Nakhal Tours, whose clients come mainly

France and Italy. Tales from the South — an artistic side to the ICPD

in Cairo

AT A conference where stories of failed abortions. borrors of female circumcision, pains of forced sterilisation and obstruction of human rights have held centre stage for the past 10 days a weekend showing of 'cinema and development from the Third World, with tales of both love and sorrow came as a welcome

change. Tales told by filmmakers from Palestine, Mozambique, Haiti and India recount stories about several of the conference's topics migration, poverty, resource depletion and the

environment. Driven by hunger, war and love, heros of the tales from the Third World take different routes to fulfill their hearts desires and pro-

they die of want. South to Sonth, land to sea journeys in the Third World are long and arduous.

The Tale of Three Lost Jewels," a television movie directed by Palestinian Michel Khleifi, "Desounen — Dialogue with Death," directed by Haitian Raoul Peck, "The Tree of Our Forefathers," directed by Mozambican Licinio Azevedo, and "The Legacy of Malthus" directed by India's Deepa Dhanraj made their debut at the conference this week.

Already shown on Egyptian Television the day the conference opened, the four films are part of a series of "developing stories" — co-produced by the BBC with Television Trust for the Environment (TVE) and commissioned by One World Group of Broadcasters, a consortium of Euro-

pean public service TV stations, to give a platform to filmmakers from the developing world to reflect how the South perceives developmental issues.

The four movies are currently being hroadcast in 15 European countries. TVE, through its subsidised distribution service, is making the series available to TV stations and for educational use throughout the developing world.

Lost Jewels

The Tale of the Three Lost Jewels is set in Gaza before self-rule. As Mr. Khleifi has used a love story as a medium for his message. This time, however, the hero of the story is a young boy rather than a woman. Caught in adolescent love, a 12-year-old Yousef, a refugee from one of Gaza's many squalid camps, is looking for the lost jewels of his beloved Aida's grandmother.

Aida, a girl his own age from the Palestinian country-side, has told him that his dream of marrying her when they grow np will only be possible if he manages to procure her grand-mother's jewels, which Aida believes are lost in South America. Yousef does all be can to

find a venue to reach the far-off continent to meet the demands of the young girl that he hopes will be-come his bride. While it seems so very simple a reason to migrate, how many men in the Arab World migrate to the Gulf to seek that very thing for a bride?

Yousef is caught between the responsibilities of caring for his mother and sister. His father is in jail and his brother a fugitive from the

Israeh authorities. Yet even nnder such circumstance the strength of love is all prevailing. In his effort to reach

Latin America he is caught in an shipping container bound for that continent when an Israeli curfew is declared. Aida finds out that her 'grandmother's jewels are not in Latin America at all but were left behind in her parent's home city of Jaffa when the family. was forced to flee during the 1948 war. The Israelis took not only the city but its iewels as well.

As timely, if not more urgent in many ways, is Peck's film "Desounen — Dialogue with Death." Set in Haiti, the story tells the tale of an old man who travels through a decrepid countryside with his only companion - death. Together they meet a crosssection of Haitians who have defied and survived the fate imposed on them by immense poverty, environmental destitution and political oppression.

Indian director Dhanrai challenges conventional wisdom that population causes destitution and poverty in 'The Legacy of Malthus." In his tale contemporary Indian farmers are not only self-sufficient, but healthy and protective of the environment.

The plight of refugees in the 20th century is examined hy Mozamhican director Azevedo. A Mozambican family forced to migrate to Malawi as a result of the civil war in their country, return home after nine years of exile. The Tree of Our Forefathers" documents the perils of forced migration and in this case a return.

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information

Lebanon charges Israel with systematic art theft It was the second time in

Israeli occupation forces systematically looted its archaeological sites during the 1980s and it vowed to seek Interpol's help to recover stolen treasures worth millions of dollars. Israeli forces carried out

Minister Michel Edde says. He accused Israel of con-

"Israel's occupation forces indulged in a general pillage of archaeological sites where the Lehanese government had undertaken excavations. notably in the region of Tyre and at Kamed Al Loz (in the

the weekend, he said statues from the 4th century BC Temple of Eshmoun near Sidon were stolen and sent to

health and many statues of children were found the temple site. "The Israelis were able,

what has been stolen from us," Mr. Edde said.

He first levelled the charges on Sept. 1 at the inauguration of a nongovernmental association to protect and restore .South Lebanon's cultural riches and beauty spots ravaged by dvi war and two Israeli invasions.

In contrast, Mr. Edde thanked Syrian troops now deployed in the Bekaa Valley for helping to protect the spectacular Roman temples of Jupiter and Bacchus a Baalbek, which he called "the main archaeological centre of the Middle East."

from the Kamed Al Loz site sent to Germany for protection during the 1975-90 civil war by the Directorate-General of Antiquities. He also warned Lebanese

He said everything underground belonged to the state and anyone finding an arte fact should inform the director-general of anti-

Measures had been taken at Beirut airport and frontier posts to prevent sunggling of archaeological artefacti

TRAM

JORDAN TELEVISION

| Tel: 773111-19 |
|--|
| PROGRAMME TWO |
| 17:00 Tao Tao |
| 17:30 N.B.A. sport |
| 18:30 News in French |
| 18:45 Mosaique Mathematiques 19:00 News in Hebrew |
| 19:00 News in Hebrew |
| 20:00 News in Arabic |
| 20:36 Bob |
| 21:10 The Nature of Things |
| 22:60 News in English |
| 22:20 The Nanny |
| 23:10 Poldark |

PRAYER TIMES

| 04:55 06:74 | (Sunrise) Duha |
|----------------|--------------------|
| 16:04 | Dhuhr 'Asr Maghreb |
| 20:09 | |
| | CHURCHES |

St. Mary of Nazareth Church Swelfleb, Tel. 810740 Assemblies of God Church, Tel. St. Joseph Church Tel. 624590. Church of the Annunciation Tel. 637440. De la Salle Church Tel. 661757 Terrasancta Church Tel: 622366 Church of the Assusptiation Tel

Anglican Church Tel. 630851, Tel. 628543. Armenian Cathelic Church Tel. 771331. Armenian Orthodox Church Tel.. 775261. St. Ephraim Church Tel. 771751. Amman International Church Tel. 652526. Evangelical Lutheran Church Tel: 824328.

WEATHER .

Bulletin supplied by the Depart-ment of Meteorology.

Hot and dry weather conditions will prevail with winds southwestermoderate. In Agaba, it will be with winds southerly moderate

| and seas choppy. |
|--------------------------------|
| Min./Max. temp. |
| Aqaba |
| Jordan Valley 29/45 |
| Yesterday's high temperatures: |

S24328. German-speaking Evangelical Congregation Tel; 684195 The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints Tel. 654932 Church of Nazarene Tel. 675691. The Evangelical Local Church in

Tel. 811295

ZARQA: Dr. Fawaz Hamdallah 903644 Khalifeh pharmacy 985417 EMERGENCIES · Food Control Centre 637?11

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR readings: Amman 12 per cent. Aqaba 20 per cent.

USEFUL

TELEPHONE

NUMBERS **NIGHT DUTY** Dr. Adnan Zagnoui.
Firas pharmacy ...
Ferdows pharmacy ...
Al Asema pharmacy ...
Al Salam pharmacy ...
Al Salam pharmacy ...
Yacoub pharmacy ...
Shmeisani pharmacy ...
Nainoujh pharmacy ...
Nailh nharmacy ... 636730 637660 623672 847632 nammad AJ Hilu 279773

Civil Defence Department 661111 Civil Defence Immediate Rescue Immediate Rescue 630341 Civil Defence Emergency 199 Rescu: Police 192, 621111, 637777 Fire Brigade 617101 Blood Bank 775121 Highway Police Traffic Police Public Security Department Hotel Complaints Price Complaints 623101 Flectric Power Company 636381 RJ Flight Information 08-53200 Queen Alia Intl. Airport 08-53200 HOSPITALS

INTERNATIONAL Hussein Medical Centre 813813/32

Khalidi Maternity, J. Ama 644281/6 Akilch Maternity, J. Amn. The Islamic, Abdali 666127/37
Al-Ahli, Abdali 6641646
Italian, Al-Muhajreen 777101/3
Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafich 775111/26
Army, \$Marks 891611/15
Queen Alia Hospital 602240/50
Amal Hospital 674155
ZARQA:
Zarqa Covil Hospital (09)983323
Zarqa National Hospital (09)900560 (09)900560
[bn Sina Hospital (09)986732
Al Hikma Modern Hospital (09)990990 ... (02)275555 Princess Haya Hospital (03)314111 FOR THE TRAVELLER QUEEN ALIA

AIRPORT

department at the Oucen Alia In-ternational Airport Tel. (08)53200-5, where it should always be veri-fied. ARRIVALS Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1) 89:38 Jeddah (RJ) 89:38 Dubai, Abu Dhabi (RJ) 10:15 Larnaca (R1) 10:25 Bahrain, Doha (R1) 16:00 New York, Amsterdam (R1) 17:15 Madrid (RJ) Istanbul (R I 19:10 Toronto, Montreal (RJ) 19:25 Frankfurt, Vienna (RJ) 99:40 Beirul (RJ) Other Flights (Terminal 2) Damascus (AZ)
Larmaca (CY)
Yemen (IY)
Jeddah (SV) 13:85 Cairo (MS)
13:36 Abu Dhabi, Doha (GF)
15:05 Karachi, Abu Dhabi (PK)
15:20 Algiers (AH)
18:25 Paris, Danascas (AF)
21:15 Beirul (ME)
21:24 Duhai (EK) 21:36 Dubai (EK) 23:25 Amsterdam (KL) DEPARTURES Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1)

Other Flights (Terminal 2) 05:30 Beirut, Paris (AF) Beirut (ME)

Rome (AZ)

Larnaca (CY)

Yemen (IY)

Jeddah (SV)

Cucumbers (large) . Cucumbers (small) . Eggplant . Garlic . Grapes Grapes (Hilwani) . Guava 300 / 200 300 / 200 340 / 240 370/ 240 360 / 260 320 / 200 120/ 60 Onion (dry) . String beans. Watermeion

HIJAZ RAILWAY Dep. Animan ... 8:00 a.m. every Monday
Arr. Damascus 5:00 p.m. every Monday
Dep. Damascus 7:30 a.m. every Sanday
Arr. Animan ... 5:00 p.m. every Sanday MARKET PRICES Upper/lower price in fils per kg.





ARAB BANK

Established in Jerusalem 1930

Balance Sheet as of 30 June 1994 and 1993

| Assets | 1994 | 1993 | | Liabilities and | 1994 | 1993 |
|----------------------------------|------------|------------|------|----------------------------------|------------|------------|
| | JOD ('000) | JOD ('000) | | Shareholders' Equity | JOD ('000) | JOD ('000) |
| Cash and due from banks | 3,513,264 | 3,622,415 | | Deposits and other accounts | 6,996,234 | 6,791,678 |
| Securities and investments | 975,258 | 810,371 | | Acceptances | 104,567 | 73,203 |
| Loans and advances | 2,882,059 | 2,672,794 | | Accrued interest payable | 40,402 | 35,375 |
| Customers' liability on | | | | Other liabilities | 40,808 | 40,403 |
| acceptances | 104,567 | 73,203 | | Capital | 44,000 | 44,000 |
| Premises and equipment | 48,629 | 42,642 | | Statutory reserve | 44,000 | 36,000 |
| Accrued interest receivable | 45,893 | 45,207 | | Voluntary reserve | 75,000 | 60,000 |
| Other assets | 44,341 | 62,027 | | General reserve | 269,000 | 248,000 |
| Total Assets | 7,614,011 | 7,328,659 | | Total Liabilities and | | |
| Customers' liability on | | | | Shareholders' Equity | 7,614,011 | 7,328,659 |
| guarantees and letters of credit | 2,775,189 | 2,426,660 | | Guarantees and letters of credit | 2,775.189 | 2,426,660 |
| Total | 10,389,200 | 9,755,319 | ļ | Total | 10,389,200 | 9,755,319 |

Net profit for the period ended 30 June 1994 and 30 June 1993 was included in "Other liabilities"



Hindu politician hunted as strike hits key Indian state

LUCKNOW, India (R) — Indian police hunted a Hindu nationalist politician accused of killing a Muslim opponent Tuesday, a day of high ten-sinn in Uttar Pradesh state over government joh reservation plans.

A senior official told reporters that Banwari Lal Dohre. a Bharatiya Janata Party (BJP) member of the state assembly, shot dead the ruling party's Kalu Pathan in a confrontation during a strike called by the government to support the controversial

jobs plan. Uttar Pradesh Home (interior) Secretary A.P. Singh told reporters Mr. Pathan was shot near the city nf Kanpur during an altercation over whether a local market should be shut down.

Mr. Dohre left behind the gun he was alleged to have used hut had vanished and was being hunted by police. Mr. Singh said. Mr. Pathan's was the only

death reported by midafternoon in a strike with a high potential for violence

LONDON (R) — Belgian

Foreign Minister Willy claes

is almost certain to become

the next head of NATO after

winning the support of most European allies and the

acceptance of the United States, diplomats said Tnes-

The 16-nation alliance, fac-

ing big challenges in Bosnia and Eastern Europe, bas

been seeking a new secretary-

general since Manfred Woer-

ner died last month after a

two-year hattle against can-

and which closed hoge swathes of a state which is home to 150 million of India'a 900 million people.

Officials and witnesses reported numerous minor incidents as the strike took a firm grip on most of the state.

The nnly exception to the shutdown was the hill region bordering Tibet, where the population is largely upper caste and npposes the plan to reserve 27 per cent of government jobs and educational opportunities for the low

Shopkeepers there opened up at the unheard-of hour of 5 a.m. and offered a discount of 27 per cent on all goods in protest at the plan, which has fuelled a drive for the region to break away from Uttar Pradesh and become the state of Uttarakhand.

But in the main Uttar Pradesh cities of Lucknow, the capital, Allahabad and Kanpar, nearly all ahops were shut and those that tried to open were forced to close again by pro-reservationists.

The diplomats, based in

Brussels and London, told

Reuters that the other two

candidates — the Nether-lands' Hans Van Den Broek

and Norway's Thorvald Stol-

tenberg - were widely ex-

pected to withdraw quietly.

perhaps within a few days.

that Claes is the man," said

one official, who asked not to

be identified.

"The emerging sense is

"Unless there's a last-

Belgium's Claes set for top NATO job

hetween shopkeepers whn wanted to open up and police intent on keeping them closed to head off trouble.

Drivers were attacked with stones and protesters halted several main-line trains by squatting nn the tracks. Schools had already been ordered closed until Thursday and all bases were ordered off the roads.

Uttar Pradesh Chief Minister Mulayam Singh Yadav, whn rebuffed an appeal from Prime Minister P.V. Narasimha Rao to call off the strike, pledged firm action against troublemakers.

Thousands of riot police were deployed across Uttar Pradesh to prevent trouble in a state which has seen some ferocious violence in past years over religion and caste and which has been a key political battleground, pro-ducing most of India's prime ministers.

minute veto or a brand new

candidate, both of which are

highly unlikely, the Belgians

appear to have got in sewo

up," said another diplomat

The United States,

NATO's senior member, had

indicated that it would accept

Mr. Claes if he emerged as

the main European candidate

and Washington was ex-

pected to make a more for-

mal commitment soon, diplo-

A Socialist who support a

from a NATO country.

In the latest round of turmoil in the state, which has

changed political hands three times in the past five years, at least 10 people have been killed in protests against the quota plan.

Several were killed by police who fired on people protesting against a plan being pushed by Mr. Yadav's coaliting government, which twins his leftist Samajwadi Party with the Bahnjan Samaj Party that seeks to represent the lowest castes.

The furore has led to widespread speculation that Mr. Rao might fire Mr. Yadav's government, as the BJP is tirging him to do.

Two hackers of Mr. Yadav'a coalition, Mr. Rao's Congress Party and the Janata Dal Party, denounced the quota plan as a bid to divide the state by class, and the state branch of Congress said Sunday it was withdrawing support for the 10-month-old government.

But Mr. Yadav said he retained enough support to win a vote of confidence in the state assembly.

stronger European defence

role in the post-cold war

world, Mr. Claes was backed

initially by France and had

managed to secure the sup-

port of many other allies in

Diplomats said the turning

point in his campaign was a

meeting of European Union

foreign ministers in Germany

at the weekend. Eleven of

the 12 EU states are also in

NATO, with neotral Ireland

Bangladesh

ends amid

sporadic

violence

DHAKA (AFP) - A dawn-

to-dusk general strike ended

in Bangladesh Tuesday amid

sporadic violence, the cul-

the last few days.

the only exception.

strike



New Quebec Prime Minister Jacques Parize of the separatist Parti Quebecois is surrounded

Party in Sunday's electio ed a referendum within a year whether by journalists and supporters in Quebec as he celebrates his party's victory over the Liberal English-speaking Canada (AFP photo)

Quebec separatists win; plan referendum

MONTREAL (Agencies) -Quebec's new separatist gov-ernment must decide how quickly to move towards its goal of independence from Canada after scoring a con-vincing victory in Monday's provincial election.

The Parti Quebecois (PQ) returns to power following nine years as the opposition after winning 77 of the 125 seats in Quebec's provincial legislature. The Liberals were ousted after garnering 47 seats.

Premier-Elect Jacques Parizeau told a victory rally Monday night he would hold a referendum next year to see if Quebeckers want to split from Canada. But he also emphasised that the new Quebec government would work to imporve the economy of Canada's biggest

province. A very slim margin in popular vote - 45 per cent for the PQ and 44 per cent for the Liberals - means the separatists will have an uphill battle to convince people in the French-speaking province to split from Canada.

Political analysts had said the PQ needed at least 50 per cent of the popular vote in order to enter into a referendum campaign on good foot-

ing.
Throughout the campaign, opinion polls showed Quebeckers who were fed up with high taxes, a rising deficit and double digit memployment were planning to vote for the PQ for a change of government, not as tacit

showed that Quebeckers are not ready for independence.

A survey published Saturday hy the Montreal polling firm SOM showed 56 per cent of Ouebeckers would vote "no" if a referendum were held now, while only 30 per cent would say "yes" to independ-

The Parti Quebecois has recognised this and plans to work on improving the eco-nomy before it holds the vote on separation.

Mr. Parizean, a 64-yearold economist and former provincial finance minister. said in his victory speech the economy is a top priority for

PQ Vice President Bernard Landry said Saturday the party plans to start work immediately "on matters other than sovereignty like employmeot, manpower training, and other issues."

Mr. Parizean made no mentioo io his victory speech of the "solemn declaration" granting the government a mandate to make Quebec independent. During the campaign, Mr. Parizeao alarmed Queheckers by vowing to pass the declaration immediately.

And although he told the cheering rally, "we have be-gun a new chapter in our history," he stopped short of predicting victory in the referendum planned for 1995.

Mr. Parizean is expected to work quickly over the next few weeks to form a cabinet in order to start his campaign towards his ultimate goal of independence.

As voters in Quebec were voting, Polish President Lech Walesa said Monday that Canada is an excellent country the way it is.

Admitting he could not comment officially on the internal affairs of another country, he said his personal opinion is that Canada should not break apart.

The world is moving together, not splitting apart, be said. He said differences among people are fine, but should not come at the expense of any other group. Canadian Prime Minister

Jean Chretien, standing by his side during the trilingual news conference, called Mr. Walesa's remarks "a marvelous improvisation.

The Polish leader had just finished brief talks with Mr. Chretien as part of a four-day visit to Canada.

The two meo discussed husiness opportunities for Canadian investment in Poland as well as Poland's bid to become part of NATO.

Canada has supported NATO membership for Poland for some time, Mr. Chretieo said.

"Wheo Poland decided to separate from the Soviet Uoion, we told them that someday they would become part of NATO and we have to respect our part of the deal," he said.

Mr. Walesa said he is erateful for Canada's support and hopes other countries come around.

The prime minister is very much aware of all the arguments in favour of (our) joining," Mr. Walesa said. "The prime minister is also very much familiar with the possibilities, the capacities and the oced. We are very happy that this is the case.'

Nigerians need to work 11 hours to earn hamburger

LONDON (R) — Nigerian must work more than 11 hours to earn enough money to boy a hamburger and frier compared to just 14 minutes for a chicago office worker, a chicago office worker, a survey showed Thesday. The Union Bank of Switzerland seeking to compare was:
worldwide, published a char
showing how long the global
citizen needs to work to ear his or her hamburger. The time stretched from 14 mi nutes in Chicago to 683 mi nutes in Lagos. "In North America, a mere 19 migues of working time is enough on average to secure a (McDonalds) Big Mac along with a large portion of French fries," it said in the report. But the hamburger atta luxury status in the cities of Nairohi, Caracas and Lagos," it added. The work ing time for a person in Caracas to earn a hamburger and fries was 243 minutes and in Nairobi 177 minntes.

Britain's VIP escorts to be armed

LONDON (AFP) — Police officers charged with escening VIPs and guarding Bn. tain's royal palaces are to be armed, a Scotland Yard spokesman said. The special escort group, also charged with accompanying danger ous prisoners, are the third category of police officers to be allowed permanent licence to carry arms in the capital Other groups to be allowed to carry arms are the Maria officers of the Special TIN-Emergency Group and the officers protecting Downing R T. Street and diplomatic res dences. Scotland Yard did state not say how many police officers would now be allowed to carry arms in Britain but said ordinary police officers would still be marmed. Both police author ities and the general public are reluctant to allow police constables to carry arms, fearing it could spark an increase in criminal violence.

Light-fingered art fans cash in on Chinese work

LONDON (R) — Light-fingered art fans have cashed in on a Chinese studenth masterpiece, helping themselves to £100 (\$155) from cash that he had carefully arranged on a gallery floor. Shanghai-born artist Jian Ju Xi placed the money around the floor at London's Goldsmith College as a comment on materialism. Now he has donned a security uniform and recruited friends to pro-tect the £1,100 (\$1,714) still left on his work. "The people who stole the money must have been kids. They are not worth worrying about," he told the Daily Mail.

China denles banning Zhang from making movies

for five years as punishment for five years as punishment of the for screening his most recent picture abroad without approval. "These reports are groundless," said a spoker man for the Ministry of Radio. man for the Ministry of Kall Bureau, referring to storic Monday in two Hong Kong newspapers, the Overses Chinese Daily News and the Chinese Daily News and the Chinese Daily News and the Steep a Ste Express News. The Overed 1 Chinese Daily News quoted 1 Chinese newspaper identified as the Radio, Television and Film News as saying Zhang had been banned from making any films, including coproductions with foreign productions with foreyear countries, for a five-year period. The so-called "Fifth Generation" director and his Generation" director and favoured actress and muse. favoured actress and must go for international film festives for international film festives. als, it quoted the newspaper as saying, adding that the move had sparked a flurry of protests from independent minded Chinese film-makers. "This newspaper does not even exist," the film bareau spokesman said, adding, "if there was any kind of ban on the said, adding, "if there was any kind of ban on the said," Zhang Yimon then we would be the first to know. But we have never heard of this punishment." However, he confirmed reports that work on Zhang's latest project. Shanghai, had stopped, but said this was only a "temporary delay" and had nothing to Figure 11 do with any official ban.

Aerial view taken from the Washington Monu-White House to investigate the crash of a small ment shows members of various government aircraft that flew into the grounds (AFP photo) agencies gathering on the South Lawn of the **Clinton vows White House will**

be kept safe, will remain open WASHINGTON (USIA) -President Bill Clinton has pledged the White House will be kept safe, will be kept opeo and the people's husiness will go on.

Moving to assure the nation about the security of the White House after a singleengine aircraft crashed on the South Lawn and deposited its wreckage against the base of a White House wall, Mr. Clinton called the presidential residence "an enduring symbol of our democracy that informs people around the world that "the mission of America continues."

Mr. Clinton said it is the duty of every president "to keep (the White House) safe and secure," adding an investigation is under way "to determine how and why this happened.

The two-seater Cessna's pilot, who was killed in the crasb, has been identified as Frank Corder, 38. News reports assert he was a truck driver at Baltimore-Washington International Airport and had held a pilot's licence for 10 years.

The incident occurred at 1:49 a.m. (local time), as President Clinton and his family were asleep at Blair House, the government guest complex diagonally across Pennsylvania Avenue from the White House. The Clinton are staying there while renovations of the White House heating and air conditioning system are comnleted.

Treasury Secretary Lloyd Bentsen, who has responsibility for the Secret Service, immediately ordered a 90-day "thorough review" of security measures, inlending the possibility of another aircraft intrusioo into the restricted air space around the White House. He directed secretary for enforcement, to coordinate the review with the Federal Bureau of Investigatioo, the Federal Aviation Administration and state and local police authorities. The review is separate from the investigation of the crash

be plans to conduct the review "in the most thorough, exhaustive and complete manner possible" and to formation."

to be directed towards the

to determine... whether this Ron Noble, assistant treasury was a plane that ran ont of gas. Did someone have a heart attack? — We just didn't have a good sense of what was involved. Or was it a diversion? Was something (else) going to come? So we immediately pnt our emergency plan into action." He gave no specifics of the

Mr. Noble told reporters 'all available in-

The dead pilot, according to Carl Myer of the Secret Service, had a criminal record and a history of alcohol abuse. While stressing the investigation had barely begun, Mr. Myer said it did not appear Corder had any political agenda or any animus against Mr. Clinton. "It's really too early to tell," he told a question, "hut preliminarily, no, it does not appear

The plane crash triggered an emergency response from the Uniformed Secret Service, whose members patrol the White House grounds. (The president's personal security is provided by the Presidential Protective Detail, whose members are clad in civilian attire).

Mr. Myer said notification of the incoming aircraft had been radioed to the Secret command centre, which advised appropriate federal departments in case the aircraft crash was staged as a diversion. The Secret Service then quickly determined that the aircraft no explosives or other dangerons material. Mr. Myer said, adding there

were no weapons aboard. "There are officers posted out there," Myer reminded reporters, who would have notified superior officers "instantaneously, and as the notifications went in, we had

emergency plan.

Mr. Myer said the plane

apparently "was stolen from the Harford County airport"

north of Baltimore, Mary-

land, on the evening of Sept.

11. He said Corder had been

identified by members of his

family as well as by finger-

prints. The pilot was declared

dead as a result of crash

injuries by the medical ex-

aminer for the District of

Columbia. An autopsy has

Before taking questions, Mr. Noble told reporters that

he would not be able to

answer most of them. Asked

how the incident could have

occurred, be replied, "That's

precisely the sort of question

I can't answer. You don't

want me to pre-judge my

investigation... just as yon -

if you had an alarm system on

your house — you wouldn't

give me the code for it, I'm

not here to give you specific

Aaked if Corder was

attempting to make a forced

landing, or if he intended to

crash into the mansion, Mr. Myer replied, "We don't have the answer to that."

While the officials refused

to entertain questions about

whether the president had changed the "pattern" of his day because of the incident,

Mr. Myer acknowledged

there was a different level of

security operating at the

White House because the

Clintons were not in resi-

dence. Secret Service person-

nel and resources, he sug-

gested, cluster near the presideot's location.

answers.

not yet been done.

Dhaka's streets mainly empty, while shops schools and most businesses were closed.

Buses were running with heavy police escorts, but few people were using them.

the strike was also followed in those cities. Witnesses said one man was seriously injured in a bomh hlast near the high-

iat complex. Staff at Dhaka Medical College Hospital said several people were treated and discharged, but three, two suf-

Unidentified people tor-

mination of a four-day protest aimed at bringing down the government of Prime approval for separation.

The polls also consistently Minister Khaleda Zia. Strikers and pro-Japan to make bid for U.N. Council seat

government forces harled home-made bombs at each other, witnesses said, while the United News of Bangladesh oews agency said groups of armed men were seen driving around shouting anti-strike slogans.

Residents reached by telephone in Chittagong, Khul-na, Rajshahi and Barisal said

security government secretar-

fering from bullet wounds, were admitted.

ched a taxi carrying a reporter from an opposition daily. TOKYO (AFP) - Japan prohibited under our constitution," Mr. Kono said.

announced Tuesday that it will formally seek a permanent seat on the U.N. Security Council this mooth, but will insist that it cannot take. part in military operations. The statement triggered

dissension in Prime Minister Tomiichi Murayama's coalition cahinet and a protest by groups fearing that Japan is shedding the pacifist princi-ples it has espoused since its defeat in World War II.

Foreign Minister Yohei Kono told a cabinet meeting that he will declare Japan's candidacy in an address be-fore the U.N. General Assembly in New York on

Sept. 27. "I wishk to say we will actively cooperate with peacekeeping efforts within the limits of our constitution. after making clear that we cannot take part in action aimed at using force, which is

Chief cabinet secretary and government spokesman Kozo Igarashi said the cabinet had decided to leave the drafting of the U.N. speech to Mr. Kono, who is also deputy

prime minister. With the move Mr. Murayama, the first Socialist premier in 47 years, veered away from a cautions approach to the controversial

Mr. Murayama had said in his inaugural speech in July that his government would first seek support from Japanese voters and neighbouring countries in Asia before launching its candidacy

He gained the backing he wanted from some South East Asian leaders during a regional tonr in Angust. marked by a consistent message of apology for his country's wartime acts.

Analysts say that some Asian nations want Japan to be a counterweight to China. the only other Asian nation with a permanent Council seat. The other four permanent members are Britain, France, Russia and the United States.

Dovish elements of Mr. Murayama's Social Democratic Party (SDP) also softened their stance against the bid on condition that Japan make clear that its constitution will not allow it to play a military

Tuesday's decision, however, drew open criticism from two of the 21 cabinet minis-

Health and Welfare Minister Shoichi Ide, a member of the small New Party Sakigake, said in a press conference after the cabinet meeting that "more debate" was needed before Japan went for the Council seat.

Mitterrand hailed for openness, criticised on past ri Emmanuelli, meeting Mr. Kouchner said.

PARIS (R) - French President Francois Mitterrand won plaudits Tuesday for his courage in the face of cancer, but critics remained unconvinced by his defence of his World War II record.

Vowing to stay in office until the end of his term despite his illness, Mr. Mitterrand, 77, had sought to defuse criticism of his friendship with the former police chief of the pro-Nazi Vichy government in a televi-sion interview Monday even-

Politicians across the spectrum paid tribute to the Socialist head of state's candour about his painful treatment for cancer, including his pledge to stand down before his term ends in May if the pain became too great.

"I was a little sorry to see the president feel obliged to explain himself in such a way... it doesn't usually end this way and I am therefore a little sad," said centrist Senate Speaker Rene Monory. who would take over as interim president if Mr. Mitterrand resigned or died in Socialist Party leader Henactivists in Mr. Mitterrand's fiefdom of Chateau-Chinon in Burgundy, said he found the president's interview moving and attacked those who he said had tried to slander him on his past. Some commentators said

the sudden inquest into Mr. Mitterrand's role as a Vichy official before he joined the anti-Nazi resistance, at this late stage of his life, was almost indecent. Others said Mr. Mitter-

rand's assertion that he had

been unaware in 1942 of anti-

Semitic laws imposed by Vichy from 1940 stretched belief. Former Health Minister Bernard Kouchner, who is close to Mr. Mitterrand, said he was still hungry for an explanation of his contacts with Rene Bousquet, the chief of police in the French

regime that collaborated with

Nazi occupation in World

War II.

"When he is accused, he reacts as if he had never made a mistake. It would be good if the president, at least once, told us: 'I was wrong',"

Mr. Bousquut was assassinated in 1993 while under indictment for ordering a 1942 rouodnp of thousands of Paris Jews who were sent to Nazi death camps. Mr. Mitterrand acknow-

ledged having met him about a dozen times from 1950 to 1968, saying he was "an interesting person", well con-nected in banking and politic-

Nazi-hunter Serge Klars-feld, who heads an associa-tion of sons and daughters of deported Jews, said he had been "moved by the tragedy (Mitterrand) is living through" and praised him for saying that the Vichy regime deserved to be condemned.

"Bnt I am not convinced hy his explanation of his flattering comments about Bousquet, or on his remaining in contact with the man responsible for one of the worst crimes in the history of France," Mr. Klarsfeld told Europe I Radio.

Mr. Mitterrand had hidden behind a 1949 High Court acquittal of Mr. Bousquet on a charge of harming France's

national defence "that didn't refer to the thousands of Jews," he said.

The president said he stopped seeing Mr. Bousquet in 1986 when he learned he might have been linked to the deportation of Jews. The indictment was filed in 1989 but Mr. Klarsfeld said Mr. Bousquet's past was well documented long before.

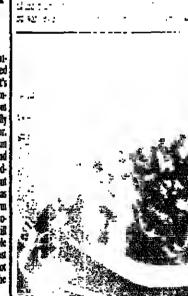
Mr. Mitterrand also de-

fended his early right-wing aympathies, saying be joined the resistance early in the war while he was a Vichy civil "Taken one by one, his

explanations will seem plausible to those who like him, and inadequate to others, the left-wing newspaper Li-beration said in an editorial.

Franz-Olivier Giesbert, editor of the conservative daily Le Figaro, highlighted the solitude of a president whose 14 years in power are drawing to a close, with his former friends turning against him.

Sunsets are always less attractive than dawns. In the words of a sage: 'When the oak has been felled, everyone become a woodcutter".



in members from the Council Council of andder prepare to trained to a star spelie tepping title that well brives,

incouraged by BEUING (AFP) — Chim denied reports that it had banned the country's best known director, Zhang Yimou, from making films

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Rwandan refugees set up a makeshift tent with a plastic cover as the weather looks threatening at the Kibumba camp overlooked by the Nyiragongo volcano. An estimated

one million Rwandan refugees are still in eastern Zaire, mainly in camps around the towns of Goma and Bukavu

Japan to send 480-strong mission to Rwanda

TOKYO (R) - Japan said Tuesday it would send military personnel to Zaire and other African nations bordering Rwanda to give relief to Rwandan refugees there.

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Chief cahinet secretary Kozo Igarashi said the mission would last about three months from this week, and its formation had followed a request from the U.N. High Commissioner for Refugees.

Most of the mission's personnel and aid will be concentrated in Zaire, but it will also carry out work in Kenya, Tanzania and Uganda, Mr. Igarashi told a news conference after the cabinet formally approved the mission. The mission's main task

will be to provide medical assistance and clean water, and will transport goods. Japan will not send people to Rwanda itself.

Ten government officials will accompany 290 ground Self-Defence Force officers and 180 Air Self-Defence Force members on the mis-

Meanwhile the French daily newspaper Liberation, quoting secret documents, had laid plans to unleash a civil war even before the

murder of President Juvenal Hahyarimana. The shooting down of Mr.

Hahyarimana's plane on April 6 sparked the massacre of nearly a million Rwandans, widely hlamed on the Hntn government then in power, its army and tribal militia allies.

Liberation published what it said were extracts of a letter sent on March 30 hy the army chief of staff to the defence minister, showing the army was arming and training civilians to comhat the "enemy," including re-fugees of the minority Tutsi tribe, several priests and businessmen.

The newspaper said its documents showed the Rwandan Armed Forces (FAR) was the architect behind the killings which followed the murder of Mr. Habyarimana.

In a letter on March 23, Augustin Iyamuremve, head of the intelligence service, warned Mr. Habyarimana: "If the authorities of this country do nothing to stop the spiral of violence, the

cbaos. He was referring to the climate of insecurity reigning: in the capital. The city was plagued by armed bands.

A week later, military and civilian authorities hatched a plan for popular selfdefence." for each neighbourhood of Kigali to be placed under the authority of a military official, according to minutes of a meeting published by Liheration.

The authorities would draw up a list of fighters, and distribute weapons and ammunition.

They would also "teach the population about handling traditional weapons (swords, lances, machetes and bows and arrows) given there are too few firearms," the document said.

The minutes also detail plans for hunting down "the enemy and its partisans" in groups including Tutsi refugees, foreigners married to Tutsi women, priests, professors and businessmen, Liberation said.

In a separate development, a top U.N. official said Monday that he was concerned hy: the "fragile security situacamps and feared for the safety of an estimated 1,000 foreign aid workers now in eastern Zaire.

"I fear in coming weeks it is going to be messy," said James P. Grant, executive director of UNICEF, who met with Zairean boused in nearby camps, coincided with a visit hy a U.N. representative to Zaire and Tanzania to ask their governments for help preventing more violent

clashes.
U.N. special representative Sharhayar Khan flew to Kingshasa, capital of Zaire, from Kigali, the Rwandan capital. He plans to travel later to Tanzania.

In Goma, Mr. Grant met with vice governor of Goma and emphasised the urgent need to maintain security.

"It is very clear that there is an urgent need to stop disinformation and act of terrorism by a section of the Rwandan refugees," Mr. Grant said of reports that the exiled Rwandan soldiers and militia were behind bloodsetting in the camps.

"To check the violence, we also need active cooperation of the Zairean government and this is what I discussed here." Mr. grant, who came to Goma from Kigali.

Panetta says U.S. will rally to Clinton on Haiti invasion at a \$100 per person dinner in

WASHINGTON (Agencies)
— White House Chief of Staff Leon Panetta predicted Tuesday that Americans would rally behind President Bill Clinton in the event of a U.S.-led invasion of Haiti. despite a poll which suggests

"I always believe that the American people unify behind the president when he has to take that action," Mr. Panetta said on ABC Television's Good Morning America programme.

"The American people always rally to their president. That's part of the great strength of this country," he said, responding to results of an ABC poll that showed 73 per cent of Americans oppose a Haiti invasion.

Keeping in line with stated U.S. policy, Mr. Panetta have no timetable for any invasion, hut said it could be soon.

"I think the message is pretty clear that the military leadership (in Haiti) is reaching the end of the string here... We bave sent a very clear message that the time to step down is now... we have not set a fixed timetable. We continue to hope the sanctions will work," Mr. Panette

Former Vice President Dan Quayle said Monday the United States should ahandon plans to lead an invasion of Haiti and should stop trying to reinstate President Jean-Bertrand Aristide.

An invasion of Haiti will further damage the credibility of President Clinton, Mr. Quayle told reporters after addressing about 600 people beart of the Bihle Belt. Mr. Aristide was deposed down.

in a military coup in 1991. "People ahroad in the international community are baffled that be (Clinion) is contemplating an invasion of Haiti wbere there is absolutely no national security interest at all for us to invade Haiti, to risk one American life, to restore Aristide's power," Mr. Quayle said.

"It shows the ineptitude and the lack of respect and credibility that this president has," Mr. Quayle said.

As he stressed family values, Mr. Quayle told a dinner sponsored by the National Association of Christian Athletes that tax and welfare laws discouraging two-parent families should be changed.

"We now have a marriage tax penalty where two people who are wage-earners pool their income and they're in a higher tax hracket," Mr. Quayle said. "We should never penalise marriage. Marriage should be rewarded.

"We should reward parents who have children. We should increase the personal deducation for children and we should index it to the rate of inflation.'

Mr. Quayle said he will not decide wbether to run for president in 1996 until after this year's elections. He was speaking at one of

several political events in Tennessee sponsored by the state-wide religious roundt-

Meanwhile, Caribbean soldiers begin a crash course in of a growing world commitment to an invasion force Washington hopes will convince Haiti's generals to step

The 150 soldiers from Antigua and Barbuda, Belize and Jamaica who landed Monday nigth in Roosevelt Roads Naval Station are the first of a 17-nation, 1,500member force. It's intended 10 give legitimacy to any .S.-led intervention.

Fifty more soldiers were arriving Tuesday from Trinidad and Tobago. Colleagues from other Caribbean nanons will be arriving for training by the end of the week, said U.S. Army Maj, Steve Pan-

But Haiti's army leaders, who seized power three years ago from that country's first democratically elected government, don't seem impressed. On Monday, more than 1,000 militiamen practiced firing with empty M-I rifles and trotted around the national palace in downtown Port-Au-Prince in a show of defiance to any foreign invad-

Washington hopes the highly publicised invasion preparations will persuade Haiti's army leaders to leave power, making an invasion unnecessary. But the U.S. government has indicated some sort of peacekeeping force still would be needed to belp restore the elected government even if coup leaders

step down. If the training mission works as intended, the deployment of a multinational force would allow some

peacekeeping Tuesday, part American troops to leave Hain soon after an invasion ousts Hairian coup leaders and restores elected President Jean-Bertrand Aristide.

Training for the Caribbean soldiers hegins Wednesday. U.S. Army Special Forces Col. Travis Griffin envisions three weeks of training in southern Puerio Rico before the newly unified contingent could be sen1 10 control crowds and maintain order in

But the training mission may he cut short as the Pentagon pushes up its nimetable to force out Hairi's coup leaders, a senior American official said Monday night on condition of anonymity.

There is no doubt in my mind that you'll be able to fulfill the role of the mission to come," added Jamaican Lt. Col. Linton Graham, the chief for what will be a 266member Caribbean contingent, "I wish you luck."

The Green Berets, from the 3rd U.S. Army Special Forces group hased in Fort Bragg, N.C., train foreign soldiers regularly. Several of the trainers speak fluent Haitian Creole, Col. Griffin said.

The arrival of the multinational force came just hours after 1,300 Marines wrapped up six days of mock invasion exercises on the island of Viegues off Puerto Rico, part of the Roosevelt Roads Base.

In a separate development the New York Times said Tuesday repression in Haiti is worse than ever, according to anew human rights report 10 be released by the State Department to justify a U.S.-led invasion of the Caribbean na-

Belfast, Dublin police review security after bomb

BELFAST (R) - Police in Northern Ireland and across the border in the Irish Republic reviewed security procedures Tuesday after Protestant extremists exploded a device on a busy train, injur-

ing two people. A report by the Confederation of British Industry (CBI) aid it such attacks stopped and peace came to Northern Ireland, the economy could benefit with 29,000 jobs and £350 (\$545 million) in investment every year.

The outlawed Ulster Volunteer Force (UVF), extremist Protestant group fighting to make sure Northern Ireland stays British, said it planted the bomh and threatened more as a message to the government in Dublin.

"Northern Ireland is still British and will not be coerced, forced or persuaded into a united Ireland," the group said.

Police said the bomb misfired and only the detonator

went off - minutes after the train arrived at Dublin's central station. It could bave killed passengers still on board.

The Irish cabinet planned a special meeting to discuss how to handle the attack.

There is virtually no security on trains between Belfast are random checks and road blocks on many roads connecting Northern Ireland with the republic.

"We have to keep a balance between security and not disrupting day-to-day life in the province," said a police spokesman. "But the borders are a security matter and security is constantly under review.

What worries the UVF is the flurry of political activity surrounding an Irish Republi-can Army (IRA) ceasefire announced 13 days ago. The Republican IRA said it was ceasing all "military activity" in its war to unite the pro-

Irish Prime Minister Albert Reynolds welcomed Gerry Adams, head of the IRA's political wing, Sinn Fein, to Dublin within days and the British government allowed a slight lowering of the security presence in Northern Ire-

Protestant Unionists saw these as signals the IRA was being rewarded and suspected a secret deal bad been made with the ultimate goal of diminishing their British

Politicians from across the spectrum in Northern Ireland have asked the British government to reassure the Unionists and the extremists, by releasing, if necessary, details of a document on the future of the province.

The document, being worked out by London and Duhlin, lays out an agenda for talks - which may include Sinn Fein if the ceasefire holds — and is expected to be published next month.

Looking ahead to a positive outcome from the talks, the CBI issued the results of a six-month survey Tuesday. which found that job losses in the security services and surrounding industries could be ploughed hack into the eco-

"It is estimated that hy an additional 20 (jobs and 20,000 employment places can be created as a result of achieving a permanent cessation of violence, the report said.

It said about £350 million (\$545 million) currently spent on police and security forces every year could be redirected annually into economic development measures. including inward investment. tourism, transport infrastructure, education and training.

The report warned that the government would have to carefully manage the opportunity and make sure money and effort was re-directed to stimulate the province's eco-

vince with Ireland. Bosnian Serb shelling prompts Bihac evacuation

SARAJEVO (R) - U.N. officers said Tuesday a Serb assault in a northwest Bosnian enclave had forced the Muslim-led Bosnian army to evacuate civilians living near a volatile front line.

Bosnian Serhs pounded Muslim-led troops with hundreds of shells in the Bihac enclave over the past 24 hours, with the beaviest attacks reported near Otoka, northwest of Bibac town, a U.N. military spokesman said in Sarajevo.

Serb forces had fired most of the 900 artillery and mortar rounds recorded by the United Nations Monday in some of the worst fighting the country has seen in weeks, U.N. Commander Eric Chaperon said.

French peacekeepers reported the Bosnian army Fifth Corps had held its ground hut had evacuated the civilian population from Otoka, with the exception of old people and soldiers, Maj. Chaperon said.

"Otoka is not far away from the confrontation line and I suppose the Fifth Corps fears for the life of its population," Maj. Chaperon told reporters.

The Muslim enclave, a U.N.-declared safe area, came under assault last week as Bosnian Serbs attacked from the east and Croatian Serb tanks crossed the Bosnian horder to the north.

Bul Croatian Serb forces apparently have withdrawn from front lines in the Bihac pocket sometime over the past few days, Paul Risley, a U.N. spokesman in Zagreb said.

However, Croatian Serb forces from the breakaway Krajina region continued to fire artillery at Muslim positions from across the border and Krajina Serh troops



The Royal Navy's new Sea Harrier FA 2 Sarajevo in support of the United Nations operating from HMS Invincible is seen over Operations (AFP photo)

the Muslim-held part of Bos-

In Geneva, major powers seeking to force the Bosnian Serbs to agree to their peace plan met Tuesday 10 discuss sending international observers to verify rump Yugoslavia's blockade of its former

Deployment of around 130 observers along the border between Serbian-led Yugoslavia and the Serb-held part of Bosnian would pave the way for a gradual lifting of sanctions on Belgrade.
Serbian President Slobo-

dan Milosevic, anxious to win the lifting of sanctions than have crippled his country's economcy, closed the border with the Bosnian Serbs last month after they refused to accept big powers' peace

European Union mediator Lord Owen will join officials from the United States, Russia, Germany, Britain, and France — the international "contact group" on Bosnia —

Geneva, U.N. and diplomaric sources said.

EU foreign ministers Sunday hacked the contact group's plan to offer an eas-ing of sanctions against Belgrade in return for agreement to post observers along the Bosnian border. The observers would try to

verify that only humanitarian aid and not arms were reaching the Serbs, whom the contact group is trying to isolate for their refusal of the peace plan dividing Bosnia roughly evenly hetween Serbs and their Muslim-Croat enemies.

Serbs halted artillery fire on the Muslim-held Bihac at the weekend after the United Nations warned they risked NATO air attack if they persisted in shelling Bihac, localed in the heart of a U.N.declared "safe area."

U.N. officials are still mulling whether to declare part of Bihac a heavy weapons exclusions zone as they did around Sarajevo and Gorazde earlier

this vear.

lians from Serb shelling, those zones forced both warring parties to withdraw their tanks, artillery and large calibre guns or risk NATO air strikes. U.N. sources in Sarajevo

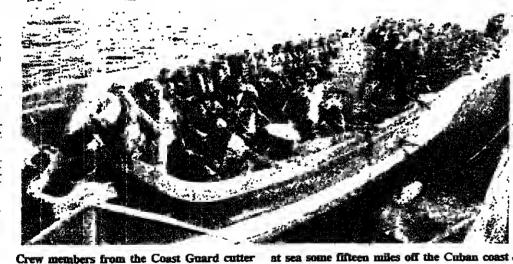
said peacekeeping officials were concerned that fighting in Bibac had worsened at the same time that pressure was growing in the United States for lifting the arms emhargo on the Muslim-led army.

U.S. President Bill Clinton has said be will seek an end to the embargo, perhaps lifting it unilaterally, if Bosnia's Serbs refuse to accept the

peace plan by Oct. 15.

Britain warned Monday it would withdraw its 3,000 peacekeeping troops if the arms ban were lifted, saving such a movewould reignize the war and endanger Brinsh U.N. soldiers.

The U.N. Protection Froce Tuesday released the names of three British soldiers killed when their armoured personnel carrier veered off a road and olunged into a ravine



(AFP photo)

Chandeleur prepare to transfer Cuban rafters to the USS-Ashland after they were picked up Encouraged by immigration pact, Cubans gather at U.S. offices

HAVANA (AP) — With a storm overbead and only hours left before Cuban authorities were to halt rafters from reaching the United States, hundreds of people sought visas Monday at U.S.

government offices here. Only a few rafts were on the shores of Cojimar, the Havana neighbourhood that has been a departure point for thousands of Cuban boat people fleeing hunger and

Under a deal reached Friday, the United States agreed to allow in at least 20,000 Cuhan immigrants annually. In return, Cuha's Communist government promised to halt the exodus and gave rafters until Tuesday to remove their homemade crafts from the

The U.S. Coast Guard reported picking up 189 rafters Monday as it patrolled the 90-mile-wide (145-kilometre-wide) Florida Straits between

Cuba and Florida. More than 36,000 Cubans have been intercepted or have reached U.S. shores this year, most in the past month.

The declining numbers of rafters appeared to be due to the heavy rains, winds and high seas from the remnants of tropical storm Debby. The storm was causing 6-foot (two metre) waves and 15-20 mph (24-32 kph) winds on the Florida Straits, said Tony Zaleski, a U.S. National vice forecaster.

waves of four to six feet (1.5 to 2 metres), you'll prohably drown," Mr. Zaleski told the Associated Press from Miami.

The weather also was given as the reason for temporarily suspended U.S. flights of Cuhan refugees from the U.S. naval base at Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, to detention facilities in Panama. The base now holds more than 24,000

Cuhan boat people. In Havana, crowds gathered in a park and on the street near the U.S. government offices. Some perched on stone walls, their bicycles propped up beside them.

"We've just got to be pa-nent and wait," said Olga Rodriguez, sheltering berself from the sun with an umhrella. "If everything were all right in this country, we wouldn't have to go any-

"I have more faith," said Ricardo Lamonte, a 56-yearold accountant who wants to visit relatives in Texas and California. "But I realise that not everybody can get in."
In the past, only a few thousand Chbans were allowed to immigrate to the

United States each year, and most people who lined up

outside the building seeking

visas left empty-handed. The

backlog is so great that visas being granted now were ap-plied for 10 years ago. The United States closed its embassy after President

maintains an interest section in the seafront building that once housed the embassy. The interest section is technically an arm of the Swiss embassy.

> school teacher, said she wasn't going to get her hopes up because her visa request bad aiready been turned down twice. "We'll see how it goes," she said. "Yon can't lose

> bope but you get fed up

Sonia Lobo, a 30-year-old

sometimes. She said she hadn't wanted to flee in a bomemade hoat because the seas were too dangerous. Other people waiting said they were afraid of being taken to the U.S.

naval base in Guantanamo. The U.S.-Cuhan agreement says Cuhans detained at Guantanamo may not enter the United States. They can stay at the base, return to Cuba or seek refuge in a third country. This weekend, frustrated

Cubans at the base hroke out

of their camps, hut U.S.

Marines with fixed bayonets

led most of them back to

their tents. A 35-year-old: Cuban suffered a havonet wound Saturday and was hospitalised. U.S. officials said he was injured accidently. In the British-owned Cayman Islands just south of Cuba, the number of Cuban refugee arrivals rose to 932

over the weekend, over-

whelming government re-

township units begin police training

S. African

JOHANNESBURG (R) -About 500 members of black township militias, some of which gained a reputation for thuggery during the huild-up to South Africa's elections, have begun training as police

reservists. They were drawn from ANC-aligned "Self-Defence Umts" (SDUS) and their former foes in militias loyal to the Inkatha Freedom Party, regional government spokes-man Ronnie Mamoepa said

Tuesday. "This will significantly help restore law and order, reduce the culture of violence in the area and bring about peace,"

The Regional Safety and Security Ministry said the 500, mostly from the volatile East Rand, would undergo about six months' training before returning to police townships torn apart by decades of apartheid rule, Mr. Mamoepa told Reuters.

Police sources said one group of ANC-aligned SDU members began training Monday and a 50-strong group was expected to start Wednesday. South Africa's former

white rulers accused the mili-

tias of fomenting a wave of crime and violence in black

townships, particularly those east of Johanneshurg. Various political parties, including the African National Congress (ANC), formed militias in Johannesburg townships, saying police had failed to protect black communities which traditionally saw security forces as apar-

But the commercial capital's East Rand townships became hattlefields during the rum-up to the country's first all-race polls, when the SDUS declared war on Zuluspeaking hostel dwellers who formed their own units. There are several thousand

theid's enforcer.

militiamen in the three flashpoint eastern townships of Vosloorus, Tokoza and Katlebong, which were among the most violent in the country in the countdown to the April elections won hy the

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University Road, P.O. Box 6710, Amman. Jordan.

Telephones: 667171/6, 670141-4 Telex: 21497 ALRA1 JO Facsimile: 696183

The Jordan Times is published daily except Fridays. Subscription and advertising rates are available from the Jordan Times advertising department.

A clear message; no lines

ON TUESDAY, the Telecommunication Corporation (TCC) announced the introduction of a new service that would allow husinessmen and tourists to charge international calls to the receiving parties or to their credit cards. Jordanian businessmen abroad will also be able to use the home country direct service by charging their calls to their numbers at home - though it is more likely that a few Jordanians abroad will use the service because rates in the U.K., the U.S. and Australia, the countries where the service is available, are cheaper than in Jordan.

A few weeks ago, the TCC awarded a contract for the introduction of cellular phone service to the Kingdom, another expensive facility. And like the case with the home country direct service, only a limited number of people will be able to benefit from the new service. These services, especially cellular phones, are modern facilities which only a few can afford.

And there is nothing wrong with that. If there is a demand for these services, supply should be available. What is extremely wrong, however, is the failure of the TCC to take convincingly quick action to provide basic telephone services to the thousands of Jordanians, husinesses and individuals, who are extremely hampered by their

Obtaining a telephone line in Amman has become almost an impossibility. The negative impact of that on the Kingdom at a time when it is trying to promote investment and a larger private sector role in the economy is clear to all. Without telephone and fax lines, it is obvious that little business can be achieved in the age of the telecommunications revolution. The lost revenues for the TCC and for the economy in general as a result are enormous.

The TCC says its networks are overloaded and hence its inability to respond to the demand. The question however is why did the TCC corner tself into this position? It can probably blame that on the increased and unforeseen demand which resulted from the repatriation of over two hundred thousand Jordanians from the Gulf in the aftermath of the Gulf war. But that in no way excuses the TCC for not having taken prompt action to meet the new demand. Extraordinary situations require exceptional solutions. The return of the expatriates was exceptional; the TCC reaction was not.

Which gives more credence to the argument for privatisation. TCC is a government monopoly and we can only conclude that bureancratic procedures inherent in government institutions account for the failure to tap the revenue that could have been generated had Jordanians, who are suffering as a result of the unavailability of telephones, been provided with the service.

A private business would not have let such potentially large revenues escape it. It would have resorted to exceptional solutions to collect the potential profit. Citizens and the Jordanian economy, should not suffer as a result of the government's unwillingness to give up the lucrative telecommunication business while it cannot meet the market demand. The TCC has to either deliver or let others do so. So far, the TCC has not been able to; the private sector deserves a chance, and the citizens deserve better services.

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

A COLUMNIST in Al Ra'i Tuesday criticised Iranian President Hashemi Rafsanjani for his statement published in a French newspaper expressing his confidence that the Algerian government would collapse as the shah of Iran did, predicting that the Islamists will have the upper hand. Mahmoud Rimawi said that the bloody events in Algeria have so far resulted in the death of 10,000 people - from the armed forces and the civilian population - and the country is not in need of instigators but rather it hopes to have mediators who can end the violence through peaceful means. It is regrettable to see Mr. Rafsanjani making the statement at a time when the Islamists and the government are now taking steps towards ending the bloodshed and opening the door for dialogue that would bring back peace and stability to the country, said the writer. It was boped that Tehran would offer its good offices to help stimulate a dialogue not to fuel the crisis, said the writer Tehran should realise that the Islamists' interests are the same as the other Algerians interests and can best be guaranteed in an atmosphere of security and stability rather than a cycle of violence and bloodshed, said the writer. He said the signs that came out from Algiers promising a dialogue should be encouraged by all peace thing people.

commenting on the laps of one whole year since the signing of the Oslo deal between the Israelis and the Palestinians, a columnist in Al Dustour said that one has to take stock of what had happened so far. Employing all its skill, Israel continues to delay the application of the deal and uses all its power to put obstacles in the path of the Palestine National Authority, said Mohammad Kawash



The U.N. needs a standing force, and Gurkhas could do the job

By Brian Farrell and Christopher Lingle

SINGAPORE - Since the collapse of the Soviet Union and the end of the cold war, military forces wearing the blue berets of the United Nations have increasingly been called upon to intervene in trouble spots around the world. The seemingly endless series of crises from Haiti to Bosnia-Herzgovina pose a serious challenge for the only body with a mandate to carry out the will of the global com-

While there is no shortage of goodwill or strong words in reaction to conflict in places such as Rwanda. too often international action is too little or too late. Without a swift and decisive response from the outside. a crisis arising from a breakdown of civil authority can easily lead to humanitarian catastrophe. Inaction by the world community amounts to appeasement, even though it may be uninten-

The problem stems from the lack of a standing military force under U.N. command. A solution would be to put together a contingent of Gurkha professional soldiers from Nepal who are particularly well-suited for

Boutros Ghali, the U.N. secretary-general, is trying to improve the ability of the world body to react to crises that do not require commitment of massive forces or involve acute geopolitical complications, In April 1993, he established a planning team made up of seven military officers seconded

forces. Their mandate is to plan and organise a U.N. standby force base on troop contributions by member Twenty-one countries are reported to have committed soldiers and/or equipment to the reserve force and more may follow. The aim

is 10 get an accurate idea of

the units that could be

brought together in rapid

from their national armed

response to a crisis. However, the plan is seriously flawed. It does not deal with the basic question of whether the force will be able to assemble and move to wherever it is needed quickly enough. Nor does it take account of the slow way in which governments involved reach agreement on the actual deployment of the U.N. forces or what to do if some of the promised national troops are ultimately witheld. Most importantly, the United Na-

tions must be confident that the troops provided will be good enough to do the job and able to work well with each other.

Instead of trying to assemble a multinational rapid response contingent, the United Nations should have a standing force trained, armed, equipped and ready to go. The ground forces of a major power should not be involved, because that raises too many political hackles in too many places, producing disruptive consequences for any peace making or peacekeeping effort.

The Gurkhas are ideally suited to take on an emergency reaction role. They are superb professional soldiers long accustomed to service for an authority other than the leaders of their homeland. Since 1816, Gurkhas have served with great distinction in the British and later Indian armies, and they continue to do so. At present, most British Gurkhas are based in Hong Kong and the sultanate of Brunei. With the return of Hong Kong to China in 1997, the Gurkhas will no longer be required in the British army.

The legal and diplomatic arrangements under which

individual Nepalese serve the British and Indian governments could easily be replicated for the United Nations. A minimum of 5,000 troops would be needed for the force to be credible and to give it the flexibility to answer more than one call at a time. Garrisoning costs and logisncs would probably limit the number of troops to a

maximum of 15,000.

Based on past experience, it is unlikely that Nepal would try to interfere in the U.N. chain of command for Gurkha troops or demand the evacuation of the force in the face of mounting casualties. The presence of Nepalese soldiers would also be unlikely to provoke antagonisitic reactions based on nationality. Indeed, the formidable reputation of Gurkhas as impartial fighters might well help to defuse tense situations.

Nonetheless, such a proposal raises challenges that many governments are reluctant to confront. If a Gurkha force is assembled and used, the United Nations would be taking a large step towards acting as an independent, supranational body. The force could only be used if the major powers on the U.N. Security Council supported its intervention. And only the United States is capable of providing the airlift the force would need to reach trouble spots and operate there as long as necessary.

Once its jobs was done. the United Nations would almost certainly have to take control of the territory in question for an indeterminate time. This raises fundamental questions about the role of the United Nations in building a new world order.

It is time these questions were confronted. Improvised multinational military contingents are simply too slow to assemble and pose too many political and operational problems. A viable alternative must be found. Pragmatism must be allowed to outweight cynical objections that Western governments seek the political benefits of putting Gurkhas at risk in chaotic situations in place of their own soldiers.

Mr. Farrell is a military historian and Mr. Lingle an economist teaching at the National University of Singapore. They contributed this personal comment to the International Herald

Qadhafi awaits judgement day

By Abdelaziz Barroahi Reuter

TRIPOLI — Libyan leader Muammar Qadhafi, sceing oo end in sight to Lockerbi sanctions crippling his country, talks more and more about a showdown with the West.

At ceremonies last week marking the 25th anniversary of the military coup that brought him to power in 1969, as well as in recent speeches, the flamboyant colonel has said a solution to the Lockerbie standoff can await "the day of last judgement."

Colonel Qadbafi refuses

to turn over for trial in the United States or Britain two Libyans suspected of planning the bombing of the Pan Am 747 Jumbo jet which blew up over Lockerbie, Scotland in December 1988, killing 270 people. For his refusal, the Un-

ited Nations bas slapped arms, trade and travel embargoes on Libya and bolds out the possibility of an eventual embargo on oil. Libya's economic bfeline.

Col. Qadbafi says handing over the suspects is impossible, even in the event of an oil embargo.

Tripoli-based diplomats say he appears to have ser up a loog-term strategy to prepare himself for what he calls "the mevitable confrontation with the West." Col. Qadbafi is seen as baving devised a three-

pronged strategy on the military, political and financial fronts. Realising that money is essential to wage war, he has assumed full control of the country's finances, di-

plomats said.

Since the West froze Libyan assets last year, Libya has deposited some \$6 billion in safe areas outside Western banks and continues to earn \$6 billion to \$8 billion a year, almost all of it from oil.

"Qadhafi has become Libya's superintendent for finances and no cheque over \$5,000 can be paid by the central bank without his green light," one diplomat

On the military side, Col. Qadhafi is seen as relying on newly formed and trained Sahara units able to move easily in the desert, diplomats said. He has ordered construc-

tion of a defence system consisting of thousands of trenches on the central coastline along the Gulf of Sirte, travellers said.

Diplomats said they believe that Libya's regular army, for which Col. Qadhafi spent more than \$20 billion on mainly Soviet-made armaments over the past 20 years, has had its capabilities largely reduced by the arms embar go imposed since 1992. Its strength also has been sapped by Col. Qadhafi's decision to replace the army by what he calls the "armed

Diplomats say that on the political front, Col. Qadhafi bas been tightening his grip on power by establishing direct control of revolutionary committees and of tribal leadership.

Dissent bas been categorised as treason, punishable by death, Col. Qadhafi recently said.

He also issued new laws apparently aimed at punishing the drinking of alcobol or attempting to undermine Muslim values. Diplomats and lawyers say they are likely to be used as tools by the revolutiooary committees against would be dissidents.

Col. Qadhafi has set up several so-called "purifica-tion committees" to which all those working for public services and the army must report their earnings and sources of revenues.

Foreign embassies have received letters from the government asking them to list the bouses they rent and give details oo Libyan landlords and the amounts paid to them.

Denunciation has been legalised and a oew law says Libyaos must report to police any activity threaten ing to the regime.

Diplomats said Col Qadbafi may also give himself a new weapon in his confrontation with the West by trying to destabilise North African countries.

Yemen faces painful economic surgery

This is the fourth and last of a series of articles on the impressions that the writer got during a recent 10-day stay in the Republic of Yemen.

By P.V. Vivekanand

LATEST MODELS of gleaming Mercedes and BMW cars rub shoulders with battered, threadbare. doorless -- Japanese minivans plying the streets of Sanaa, underlining the yawning gap between the rich and poor in the country.
A 10-kilometre ride in

one of those crammed sixseater minivans costs five riyals -- nearly half a dollar at the official exchange rate, but less than one tenth of that in the black market. The seemingly rioiculous fare reflects another paradox in the country - gasoline prices in Yemen are the cheapest in the world at six riyals per litre.

The government has been trying to hike oil prices to a more realistic level in the past four years. but the political fallout of such a move appears to have held it back. The situation could change in post-civil war Yemen, where a new technocrat government is expected to

be named soon. But any increase in gasoline prices cannot come on its own: it has to be accompanied by an increase in earning in real terms for the Yemeni people. Unless that happens, there would be trouble, diplomats warn.

"People would react violently," said a Western diplomat in Sanaa. "For

now, they are happy with the low prices for gasoline which in turn cost them very little for transportation, not to mention the tens of thousands who make a living out of driving taxis. Any dramatic change in the situation without an equitable rise in earning could spell problems.

The shops of Sanaa, stocked to the ceiling with the most up-to-date electronic goods from Japan and designer clothes from France, often remind a visitor of the sougs of Dubai. Strangely, prices in Yemen, which maintains a moderate level of customs duties on imported goods, are mostly cheaper than in Dubai.

Traders say it is a result of the fluctuating exchange of the riyal. The pre-war rate was 42 to the dollar. Today, it is in the range of 80 to 85. The government rate, applicable only to foreign visitors settling roomrent at five-star hotels. remains unchanged at 12 to the greenback.

One of the priorities of the new government, when it is formed after constitunonal amendments and political horsetrading, will nomy, says Planning Minister Abdul Karim Iryani. who himself describes the official currency exchange rate as fictitious and gaso-

line prices as ridiculous. "The pricing policy as a whole for the petroleum products. in my view, is one of the very big economic mistakes that was manipulated by the former YSP (Yemeni Socialist Party) prime minister," Dr. Iryani said. "This is one of the biggest issues that have to be addressed because the

benefits of petroleum can only be felt by the society in terms of social and economic development when the consumer pays the interna-

Similarly, the government would also move to reduce food subsidies, which cost the treasury an annual \$400 million. That again could spark popular

However, according to Dr. Iryani, these moves, which will come as part of an economic restructuring with the International Monetary Fund (1MF), would be balanced in such a way that the poor would not suffer. He declined to spell out the specific measures. but indicated that stabilising the riyal is one of the means that could herald stable prices in the market.

"We developed last year our own vision of economic reforms in budgetary, monetary and financial affairs, liberalisation of trade, (and) the removal of subsidies, whether for petroleum products or flour and wheat - these are the three elements that cost the government tremendous-

Eliminating budgetary deficits parallel to foreign assistance for currency stabilisation is an intergral part of the programme. "Had it not been for the former prime minister, the programme would have been under way for at least eight months now and we would have been on the road to economic reform," said Dr.

The minister said the government was preparing a fiscal budget for 1994, its first in three years, and

would present it along with a revived economic restructuring programme to the IMF and World Bank. He conceded that the re-

sults of the two-month civil war had brought immense new pressures and realities that the government had to take into consideration. But, there is no way out of the programme if Yemen were to hope to stand on its feet and address its foreign debts of nearly \$8 billion -"the luggage of socialism that we inherited."

According to Dr. Iryani, "the biggest share of Yemen's foreign debts was brought in by South Yewhen the Marxist South and conservative North merged in 1990. About 70 per cent of united Yemen's total debts are owed to Russia, which inherited the former Soviet Union, which used to be the staunchest ally of Soutb Yemen.

"More than 60 per cent of that debt were accumulated by the former South said Dr. Iryani, adding that "practically all" the dues were military debts. The per capita income in

Yemen is estimated at less than \$500 (no definite figures are available in the absence of a fiscal budget or accounts in the last two years), another irony in a country which produces up to 350,000 barrels of oil per

day.
"Yemenis will have to take the bitter medicine and make sacrifices to address their situation," said the Western diplomat. "The more the government prolongs the economic programme the tougher it would

According to the diplomat and other sources, Yemen is burdened with an oversized civil service whose prductivity is negligible. "The government will have to scale it down," said the diplomat. "Ministers and senior officials openly

service." Dr. Iryani put it dif-ferently. "The political in-stability has created buge expenditures that were not properly balanced. Now, hopefully, that balance will be restored.

admit that there is a major

inefficiency problem in civil

"But the current expenditures, salaries and allowances, have become so exaggerated in the past two years that it has created tremendous burdens." The country would have

fared much better bad it not been for the return of nearly one million expatriates from Saudi Arabia in the wake of the 1990 Gulf crisis triggered by the Iraqi invasion of Kuwait. This deprived the country of muchneeded expatriate remittances estimated at nearly \$2.5 billion every year and brought new pressures on the government in terms of infrastructure and services

It also swelled the ranks of the unemployed. Many Yemenis are philosophic about their problems. "We lose some, we gain some," said Wa'dh Othman, a grocer in Sanaa. We Yemenis have survived centuries in the worst

and will survive the present problems. *Come back to Yemen in five years and see me," be said. "It will be a different story altogether.

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Cabinet approves cooperation agreement with Malaysia

'Projects to benefit both countries in agriculture, energy, science, technology and industry'

AMMAN (Petra) - The Council of Ministers Tnesday approved of a general agreement on cooperation with Malaysia in economic, technical, scientific and cultural fields which will be signed in Amman during a visit to Jor-dan hy the Malaysian prime minister early next month.

The Cabinet authorised Prime Minister Abdul Salam Maiali to sign the agreement on behalf of the government.

The agreement is designed to encourage the implementation of development projects to benefit both countries in agriculture, energy, science, technology and industry and promote religious activities and publications on the history, traditions, customs and culture of the two

gave its consent to the exchange of memoranda between Jordan and Japan concerning a \$5 million grant from the Japanese government to Jordan in the form of agricultural machinery and

The grant agreement. which is to be signed hy Minister of Planning Hisham Khath, stipulates that the agricultural materials should be bought from Japan or any other country hy mutual agreement.

Apart from buying the materials, the grant will also cover the cost of transporting them to Aqaba.

The Caninet also approved of an extension to the school hmch programme sponsored by the World Food Program-

The Council of Ministers me (WFP) for another three

The project entails providing meals to school students in the rural regions to im-orove their bealth status and adults at the adult and literary education centres as well as vocational training centres for women run hy the social development centres in the country

Also Tuesday, the Cabinet decided to despatch a technical team from the Water Authority of Jordan (WAJ) to Turkey on Sept. 28 on a 10-day visit to inspect water projects in Ankara and other projects that are similar in nature in order to benefit from the Turkish experience in the course of restructuring

the water network in Am-

man, a project funded by the

German Development Bank. WAJ Director General Qusai Qteishat will lead the team on the visit to Turkey.

The cahinet also formed Jordan's delegation to Brussels to conduct negotiations on a Jordanian-Belgian air transport agreement. Civil Aviation Authority (CAA) Director General Ahmad weiber will lead the delega-

Mr. Jweiber was authorised hy the government also to sign a memorandum on air transport between Jordan The government also gave

its consent to hosting a meetto resign. ing in Jordan hy the Arah Railway Federation. The meeting is to be held in Amman in October 1995.

TCC chief to retain position

Home Country Direct service introduced

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — Director General of the Telecom-munications Corporation (TCC) Ahmed Nawawi will retain his job at the head of Jordan's highly profitable telecommunications monopoly in what appears as a reversal of his resignation that was accepted by the Cabinet over two weeks ago, informed sources said

Mr. Nawawi was still performing his duties at the corporation Tuesday, the day when his resignation was supposed to have gone into effect. The sources did not elahorate on the reasons hehind Mr. Nawawi's reversal of his decision

Mr. Nawawi's resignation had come two days after he gave a controversial interview in which he

announced the cancellation of a contract that gave a local company a 15-year monopoly for the provision of paging services.

In the interview, pub-lished in Al Ra'i newspap-er, Mr. Nawawi also defended a decision to award a contract for the provision of cellular phone service to a local group that would introduce the service in cooperation with the U.S. company Motorola. The contract caused controversy hecause Motorola . is on the list of companies banned from doing business in the Kingdom under the Arab boycott of Israel, although the tender specified that hids for the contract hy companies on the boycott list would not be consi-

Meanwhile, the TCC announced Tuesday the introduction of wbat is called the Home Country Direct

dered.

(HCD) service which allows callers to charge international calls to the receiving parties upon their approval or to their credit

Foreign husinesspersons and tourists as well as Jordanians travelling to the countries in which the service is provided will be able access numbers. Jordanian businesspersons travelling abroad will be able to charge the calls to their local numbers.

The service is available in the United Kingdom, the U.S. and Australia, and TCC sources said it will soon be expanded to include other countries. They said the service will be similar to collect calls which are not available in Jordan. They said the collect call service was cancelled because the TCC could not obtain fees on calls charged to overseas numbers which could not be traced.

A TCC official said it is unlikely that the collect service will be available to citizens in the near future.

The access codes for the countries connected to the service are: 18 800 703, the U.K.: 1g 800 002, the United States 1g 800 000, Au-

Defendants continue to disrupt State Security Court trial

AMMAN (AP) — Defendants on trial for subversion Tuesday disrupted proceedings and forced an adjournment after refuting the testimony of an intelligence agent

and spitting at him. Colonel Hafez Amin, who is presiding over the threeman State Security Court, ordered five of the 22 defendants out of the courtroom and adjourned the trial until

Wednesday It was the second time in the 17-day trial that the defendants disrupted court proceedings by shouting slogans and refuting testimony in violation of the court's code

of behaviour. On Sunday, the defendants also forced an adjournment after publicly withdrawing

testimonies given during pre-

trial interrogation.

Tuesday's clamour began when one of the defendants refuted the testimony of an intelligence agent and started shouting "Allahu Akhar" as the officer testified to having seized explosives from the

homes of the suspects. Other defendants joined in the uproar and one of them spit in the face of the officer. The defendants, who can-

not be identified under court regulations, are known as "Arab Afghans." They are former volunteers in the 1980-90 Afghan resistance against the Soviet occupation of Afghanistan. Three others are at large and are heing tried in absentia.

All 25 men face the death

penalty for allegedly carrying out a series of explosions and attempted bombing targeting movie theaters, supermarkets selling alcohol and liquor stores in 1993 and early this

Prosecutors say the group aimed at cleansing Jordan's conservative Muslim society of what it regards as Western influences that contravene Islamic teachings.

Prosecution witnesses, including explosives experts, earlier testified that the bombs that went off in movie theatres showing pornographic films in Amman and other cities contained material similar to that found at the homes of the defendants.

The defendants have pleaded innocent to the accusations, which include plotting to sabotage the U.S.backed Middle East peace process by assassinating Jordanian and Palestinian peace negotiators and by attacking American and Israeli interests in the region.

During Tuesday's session, three security officers, including the intelligence officer, told the court that they confiscated machine-guns, explosives and bomb components from the defendants. who were arrested Feh. 8. The confiscated material was presented in court.

The uproar broke out as the third witness was testify-

Salt restaurant owner under arrest Nearly all food poisoning patients out of hospital

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - Following a food poisoning incident last week in Salt involving about 200 people, a restaurant owner has heen arrested and one of the employees was found to be infected with salmonella bacteria.

Health Minister Aref Bataineh, who visited the Salt hospital Tuesday, told the Jordan Times that laboratory tests on the restaurant's employees found one worker was infected with the salmonella hacteria which he could have passed on while handling food, Improper hygiene is often hlamed for the transmittal of such bacteria, said

the minister. The owner of the restaurant who had been operating without licence has been arrested and is awaiting trial; the Barkat restaurant has been closed, said the minister.

He said that the restaurant owner had leased the establishment to a group of non-Jordanian workers, one of wbom was found to be infected with the hacteria.

Meanwhile, the drinking water in the Sait area was found to be potable and free of any contamination.

Director of the Health Department at Balqa Governorate Samir Awamleh said laboratory tests on Salt's drinking water have proved that water was not the cause of the salmonellosis suffered by patrons of the Barkat restaurant last Thursday.

In a statement quoted by the Jordan News Agency Petra, Dr. Awamleh said that laboratory tests conducted regularly on water samples taken from different springs and water tanks as well as the water

network in the city of Salt have proved that all water resources there are safe.

All the patients who were being treated at Al Hussein Hospital for salmonellosis have been discharged, except for five

Hospital sources told the Jordan Times that all five children were expected to be discharged by Wednes-

day.

The children are all in stable condition though they were still suffering from mild diahrroea, but they will no doubt be discharged Wednesday, said

Artist gives freshness to a time-worn theme 'Contractors' group requests

By Ian Atalla Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - Brochures for a current exhibition of works hy Syrian artist Walid Karisli. 50, make no mention that the artist is physically disabled. To do so would be an injustice to the masterful work of this accomplished artist, which stands on its own without the need for any resort to melodrama.

Indeed, the paintings at Baladna Gallery make it hluntly clear to the viewer that despite severe paralysis, Mr. Karisli is leading a fuller life than many of us.

There was grief after the accident at first, but now there is no sense of loss," says Imad Sabri, a friend of the artist who came to Jordan to help oversee the exhibi-

Predominant throughout the paintings chosen for the exhibit are the narrow streets of the old neighbourhoods of Mr. Karisli's native Damas-

The subject has been used by painters many times be-fore, but Mr. Karisli's unique style gives freshness to the time-worn theme, blending a gritty realism with twilight shadows and shades of col-

Mounted on the wall in a tncked-away corner are paintings which play with

dimension and perspective. Domes and rooftops curve, swell and bulge beneath the gaze of the observer, who is placed by the artist in a birdseye view from above.

Mr. Karisli had been a student of electrical engineering at the Soviet Leningrad Academy before a swimming accident robbed him of the use of both legs and partially crippled one arm, Mr. Sabri

"Before the accident, he



A painting hy Walid Karisly

was already an accomplished amateur painter," said Mr. Sabri. "He was taught by his mother Iqhal, herself an

The accident caused Mr. Karisli to end his pursuit of a career as an electronics engineer and become a full-time artist, said Mr. Sahri.

"My friend may be crippled physically, but there is no impairment of his thoughts or his emotions," he remarked in a hurst of deepfelt pride. The exhibition, which opened at the Baladna Art Gallery on Monday, will continue until Sept. 22.

government help on problems'

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — The Jordanian Contractors Association (JCA) Tuesday urged the government to refrain from awarding public construction tenders to nonregistered contractors and requested help in solving the association's problems with the Ministry of Educa-

JCA President Moham-mad Murad made the request at a meeting with Prime Minister Abdul Salam Majali and association board members.

The prime minister listened to a hriefing on the contractors' operations and the situation in the construction sector as well as the problems it was facing.

Mr. Murad said Jordan has 700 registered contracting firms operating with a total capital of nearly JD400 million, but undertaking annual contracting business estimated at nearly JD1 hillion.

Mr. Murad told the Jordan Times later that the JCA demanded that the government uphold article VIII of the association law which stipulates that all government tenders should be awarded to registered and qualified contractors and that the local qualified contractors were willing to carry out governmentfunded construction projects which should all be' referred to them rather than foreign contractors.

Asked about the difficulries which the local contractors were facing, Mr. Murad said that Jordanian contractors were often encountering problems with Ministry of Education projects because the ministry was not living up to the contracts and not bonouring its commitments. He said the JCA has requested that the Ministry of Public Works and Housing take over the responsihilines of the Ministry of

projects. The prime minister has promised to look into the matter and pledged the government's total adherence to the laws and regulations concerning the fulfilment of contracts, said Mr. Murad.

Education's construction

The Jordan News Agency. Petra, quoted Dr. Ma-jali requesting the JCA to submit their cases to the concerned ministries, with specific details about disputed cases so that prompt

measures can be taken. Petra said the prime minister requested the JCA board to bring to his attention any outstanding cases related to any government

department.

Experts call

AMMAN (J.T.) — A twoday seminar on a soil mapping and land use project was concluded in Amman Tuesday, with the participants urging the government to pass land use laws to protect the soil.

A statement summing up the deliherations recommended that the government introduce soil management in its agricultural extension ser-

vices and that studies on salinity and fertility of the soil be adopted from the school

The participants also recommended that a soil handbook currently used in Jordan be streamlined similarly to those used in the rest of the Arah World in order to unify terms used in this field. The soil mapping project is being implemented under a contract signed between the European Union and the Jordanian government in 1989. The contract, which ends in April 1995, is financed by a grant from the European Union.

The project is implemented by the Soil Survey Section of the Department of Afforestation and Forests, assisted by British consultants Hunting Technical Services-



A GIFT TO HELP: Chairman of the Board the MAP-run health centre at Hittin camp signing a \$22,308 agreement to finance at the Arab Bank headquarters. the purchase of an X-ray unit to be used in

of Trustees of Medical Aid for Palesti- in the eastern outskirts of Amman. The nians (MAP)-Jordan, Abdul Majid Sho- health centre includes four clinics: general man Tuesday meets with Japanese health, dental, gynaecology and chil-Ambassador to Jordan Yuji Ikeda after dren'a. The signing ceremony took place

WHAT'S GOING ON

FILMS

- hinese film entitled "The Bewitched Flying Mouse" (with btitles in English) at the Royal Cultural Centre at 7:30 p.m. Children's play in Arabic entitled "The Festival" at the Royal
 - Coltural Centre at 10:00 a.m.
- **EXHIBITIONS** ★ Exhibition of oil paintings by Rashad Salim at Ab'ad Arty Gallery
 (18:00 2.m.-7:00 p.m.) (Tel. 819861).
- ★ Exhibition of paintings by Syrian artist Walid Qarsili at Baladna
 ★ Company Code 6875980.
- ★ Exhibition of paintings by Yousef Al Baddawi at the Royal Cultural Centre.

★ Exhibition of Chinese paintings and handicrafts at the Royal

- Cultural Centre.
- ★ Exhibition of oil paintings by Iraqi artists Sa'd Al Ta'i, Talal Issa
 and Mahdi Al Assadi at Al 'Ain Art Gallery (Tel. 644451). ☆ "The Diness Exhibit" — beginnings of photography in Jerusales and the Holy Land at the American Center exhibition hall,
- ★ Exhibition entitled "Time-2 Space 1" by Samia Zarou at Darat Al Funum of the Abdul Hameed Shoman Foundation in Jabal Luweibdeh. Also showing "permanent" exhibition of 56 Arab contemporary artists (Tel. 643251/2).

S. Arabia courts private sector Japanese expert tells Jordanians

DUBA! — Sixty years after striking cil. Saudi Arabia is pressing its large middle class that has prospered largely on the back of state spending to share in generating wealth and take some of the risks of enterprise.

The government of the conservative kingdom that is the world's biggest oil exporter is strapped for cash after building an enormously wealthy high-tech economy driven by state-owned firms and government spending. The 1990-91 Gulf war,

when it spent over \$50 billion to finance the U.S.-led alliance that drove Irag out of Sawait, virtually wiped out the state's foreign reserves.

Weak oil prices since have forced it deeper into debt while Saudis continued to eniov the fruits of virtually guaranteed prosperity at home while keeping large proportions of their wealth in safe foreign investments, economists say.

The private sector has the means to take a big role. It has high liquidity and is absorbing the techniques. says Abdullah Dabbagb, secretary general of the Saudi Chambers of Commerce and Industry.

Although still in its infant stages, privatisation is proving an attractive option for the government to raise cash from its wealthy citizens.

taxes on its citizens who benefit from a generous welfare

"There is more political risk in imposing taxes than in selling state assets," one economist said.

The government will continue to control oil production but plans to open the door for a private sector role in almost every other economic sector, economists say. King Fahd said this year

the government planned to sell public assets and made mention of the national airline Saudia, the telephone system and oil refining, projects that bave always been controlled by the state.

But can the emerging pri-vate sector fill the gap? "Absolutely," says Mr.

He said an estimated \$100 billion are beld in the United States and Europe by private Saudi individuals and 243 billion riyals (\$65 billion) are beld in cash and bank accounts in the kingdom.

The money abroad will come back with the positive and encouraging investment atmosphere in the kingdom. be said. He said the private sector

is contributing 46 per cent of gross domestic product in the singdom while oil is between 27 and 30 per cent of GDP.

The growing private sector role was reflected by mounting demands on Saudi Arathat banks' claims on the private sector at end-1993

rose by 18 per cent.

A fall in oil prices last year which forced the government to cut spending by 20 per cent has hastened privatisation plans which first started in the economic boom of the

Even a rise in oil prices to up to \$19 a barrel from the \$13 a barrel lows of 1993 will benefit the private sector especially in construction which largely depends on public sector orders.

"Better oil prices mean more money for the government which will reflect positively on the private sector ... also the squeeze in government spending will give the private sector a bigger role," Mr. Dabbagh said.

"The government is already giving the private sector a role in managing gov-ernment projects which indicates the trust of the government in the private sector," he said.

"There are two trends to privatise, one is the management of government projects and the other ownership," be said. "The private sector owns a lot of the industrial and agricultural sectors, contracting, services, banking and construction.

"As far as oil production is involved I don't expect a private role now because it is the main source of income for the government. But in petdownstream side of the oil industry then it's possible to give the private sector a role

The private sector now owns 30 per cent of the government's Sandi Basie Industries Corporation (SABIC). Mr. Dabbagh said there is talk of raising that to 80 per

The actual sale of assets in state projects has not started yet and there are no signs of wbat the next step is.

Some economists say the next five-year development plan which starts in 1995 would include the privatising of some government activi-ties and that the kingdom's economic aims require more output from the private sector in coming years.
"Nothing bappens quickly

and the process has to take time ... but it will bappen," Mr. Dabbagh said.

Some economists say the private sector has been expanding at the rate of six to seven per cent a year in the last decade and forecast a four per cent growth in 1994.

Mr. Dabbagh said the government was keen to encourage a foreign role in joint ventures "which would bring management, marketing and technological expertise," but also wanted to encourage more participation by Saudi citizens.

An official census last year out Saudi Arabia's population at almost 17 million, of

of 'experience of Japan's growth'

By Khattab Salman Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — Similarities between Jordan and Japan can be utilised in favour of the Jordanian industrial sector, a Japanese economie expert has said.

Professor Masayoshi Ikeda, of Chuo University in Japan, said that both Jordan and Japan bave some comcharacteristics chief among them the scarcity of natural resources.

Professor Ikeda said in a lecture Monday on "the experience of Japan's economie growth" delivered at the Forte Grand Hotel that Japan has a relatively long industrial history compared with the Jordanian novel ex-

He added that the Japanese industrial style system can be ntilised successfully in Jordan if it was given a chance, noting that some European and American manufacturers are now adopting the Japanese sys-

ROME (R) - Italian Prime

Minister Silvio Berlusconi

met trades union leaders

Tuesday to thrash out pen-

sion reforms in the first major

test of his government's re-

solve to keep a lid on state

sions," commented La Re-

pubblica newspaper after

mettia magnate Berlusconi

issued a call for belt-

tightening and rigorous cuts

Unions bave threatened a

bot autumn" of conflict if

1995 budget plans are not

rewritten. The government is

looking to slash at least eight

trillioo lire (\$5 billion) from

in welfare benefits.

"The day of truth for pen-

spending.

Professor Ikeda said that Jordanian industrial businessmen should invite Japanese transplant to come and invest in the Jordanian market, especially after the initiation of the peace process in the

Middle East. A Royal Commission for Development and Modemisation, headed by His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan to facilitate a proper investment climate in the Kingdom, to face challenges of the coming post peace era, bas recently been established.

Professor Ikeda noted that the Japanese style subcontracting system can facilitate the opening of branches and factories of Japanese companies abroad: an experience which bas proven to be successful in Europe and the United States.

'Japanese manufacturers of finished products rely on subcontractors to a high degree, but they use very few manufacturers of primary

Italian government and

unions tussle over pensions

parts directly. For example, Toyota Motor uses 223 primary parts manufacturers, Nissan 163, while the G.M. factories use 12,500 subcontractors for parts, Ford 7,800 and Chrysler 4,000," Professor Ikeda added.

As such, Professor Ikeda said, the Japanese auto makers depend on 75 per cent of total parts made outside the mother company, while the American counterparts depend on 52 per cent only. As a result the Americans have no room for price-breakdown manoeuvres and deoy the subcontractors the opportunity to develop the quality of their products.

Professor Ikeda gave another example of the more competitive Japanese system in the production of colour television sets in comparison with the British experience. The Japanese colour televi-

sion set assembly factories commission assembly subcontractors to handle most of labour intensive process of insertion of electronic com-

boards. As compared with this. British assembly factor ies only subcontract a small portion of the production only the preparatory work such as cutting of lead wires and removal of terminal coat. ings, and handle almost all of the rest of the assembly process in-bouse.

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In addition, British assembly factories handle in-house all of the design and produc-tion of printed circuit boards. "Circuit boards suitable for

the company's orders cannot be purchased elsewhere. Similarly, the assembly work for cabinet cases are produced by direct subsidiaries." be said.

Due to these different assembly approaches, leading Japanese colour TV factories depend on subcontractor for 50 per cent of all their assembly process, enabling them to manufacture 100,000 units a month with 800 operators. while British assembly factories can produce only 60,000 sets with 1,300 operators.

bia's banks for private sector rochemicals it is more feasiwbom 27 per cent were ex-It would also spare it the loans. Official figures show ble." he said. "But in the Clouds linger over Turkey's silver lining

kisb economy is showing signs of improvement five months into a belt-tightening package but economists said the country remained prone to hidden dangers.

Some good figures have emerged since Prime Minister Tansu Ciller unveiled measures to contain snowballing budget and trade deficits. However, a closer look is not encouraging, they say.

"To me, the crisis bas not bottomeo out yet. The austerity package was a first steo, but it made the future more uncertain. A crisis in 1995 may even provoke nostalgia for this year," said Taner Berksoy, professor of economics at Marmara Uni-

Analysts say the emergen-**UAR** rules out taxes, bond to fuel '95 revenues

(UAE) minister of state for

Bin Humaid al Tayer ruled

ministries to curb spending.

There is no intention of

imposing taxes or issuing treasury bonds to increase

. ; finance and industry Ahmad

cy measures, by nature shortterm, did not go far enough in restructuring Turkey's state-dominated economy. 'Fundamental problems bave not been tackled," said an economist at a private

Monthly inflation slowed down to two per cent in August from 24.8 in April, thanks to the domestic demand which was axed by April's massive price hikes and cuts in government incentives.

Ms. Ciller pledged to keep inflatioo at 20 per cent io the second balf in a standby deal with the Interoational Monetary Fund.

But economists, pointing at increased consumer spending, the expected weakening of the lira against the dollar

paper Al Kbaleej

quoted Mr. Tayer as saying.

Finance and Industry

Minister Hamdan Bin Rashid

Al Maktoum, said in a circu-

lar published in Al Ittibad

newspaper Sunday that 1995 resources would be the same

as in 1994 and called for

ministries to curb spending.

He gave no figures but 1994 budgeted revenues

were 16.2 billion dirhams

and seasonal factors, say inflation should pick np from September.

The government has trumpeted a new-found surplus in the current account, up from a deficit last year of \$6.4 bilbon. Bot analysts say poor demand for imports from the aenemic economy should get the credit instead.

Spending cuts and one-off taxes bave narrowed the budget deficit but Ms. Ciller is expected to revise upward the year-end target deficit from an earlier projection of 110 trillion (\$3.2 billion). The deficit was 129.4 trillion last

Saturday was the deadline

for ministries to submit their

1995 wish-lists but Mr. Tayer

was quoted as saying only six ministries had so far.

the UAE but this month it

raised fees for a range of

administrative services in-

cluding renewals of licences

There is no income tax in

The growing prospects of an early general election sometime in 1995 mean Ms. Ciller may start loosening the purse strings. By-elections

ABU DHARI (R) — The budget resources," the UAE (\$4.4 billion) and spending Mr. Tayer told Reuters be-United Arab Emirates newspaper Al Khaleej 17.61 billion dirhams (\$4.79 fore issuing the 1994 budget

there is talk the coalition government could go for

snap general polls instead.
"The economy needs a rest, not elections. That (election spending) would spark a new austerity package, and even a toogher one," Mr. Berksoy said. Privatisation also turned out to be murkier than ex-

> pected A oew bill aimed at speeding up self-offs may soon get through parliament after two earlier ones hit constitutional obstacles.

Dumping inefficient state firms may fill Ankara's coffers with cash but critics say the lack of reform in social security and agricultural sub-sidies will still weigh on the

last year that in addition to

trimming spending the UAE

would ask ministries to in-

charges.

in 1994.

crease fees and service

The Arab Gulf state is

trying to increase its non-oil

revenue to lessen reliance on

its main export earner. A fall

in oil prices in 1993 was a

factor in trimming spending

Italy's generous state pensioo Mr. Berlusconi promised Monday the budget law would be submitted to parliament by the end of September and said be was prepared

deficit cuts with the CGIL, CISL and UIL union confederations.

"We can negotiate on details of bow to go about cutting spending and the public deficit, but on the rigour and the objectives there can be no discussion," be told reporters at his luxury villa outside

He said Italy needed to find savings for 1995 of some 47 trillion lire (\$30 billion).

The treasury's original figure of 45 trillion lire (28.8 billion) bas crept upwards as boles in 1994 accounts bave emerged and interest rates have pushed up the cost of servicing the country's \$1.5 trillion debt mountain.

Unions have said they do not dispute the savings figure itself but do not agree with the balance between savings and cuts. They want more emphasis on clawing back to discuss details of planned cash from rampant tax evasion and from the sale of state

Mr. Berlusconi's government bas pinpointed the generous, and much abused. pensions system as the main threat to the country's cof-

Italy bas some 20 million

pensioners, just over one in three of the total population, with over a third of the state's total annual expenditure used to cover the cost.

Italy arguably bas the most generons pensions system in the developed world-

HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR WEDNESDAY SEPTEMBER 14, 1994 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: A day and evening to be wide awake to all kinds of new and advanced ways to get ahead. Be careful of delays from conditions in the past that have never been completely

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) Steer clear of a bigwig in the morning who can deter your progress. Try to see as many good friends as you possibly can for your own happiness.

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20). Morning finds it rough sledding with a new venture but later all works out well. Come to a better understanding with a wise partner. GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) In the morning, a friend can be

disappointing but later you can gain your aims. Be with good friends in the evening. Spend money wisely. MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) Do nothing in the morning to spoil your present position. Contact higher-ups and gain the support you need for your finest ventures.

LEO: July 22 to August 21) Make new contacts who can be of assistance to you. Make sure you keep promises you have made in the morning to those close to you in your life.

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Get that account paid up early on which you have been procrastinating. Overlook weakness and concentrate on your mate's strong points.

LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) Renew worthwhile agreements with partners. A worldly matter could be confusing early. Be dynamic in your thinking and actions to get ahead.

SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) Morning finds you feeling lackadaisical, but later become very energetic and accomplish a good deal. Take it easy tonight and relax.

SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) The morning could be rather dull, but later you can have a very enjoyable time at whatever interests you most. Your creativity is high.

CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) Morning finds a home tie giving you trouble but later family affairs can be handled very nicely. Be very alert at driving. AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) A delay in communicating is only temporary and later everything works out as you want it to Call on friends for a friendly visit.

PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) Monetary matters should be uppermost on your mind today, so handle them with finesse. Decide on property improvements and increase its value.

Birthstone of September: Saphhire - Lapis Lazulli

ideas

A source of inspiration

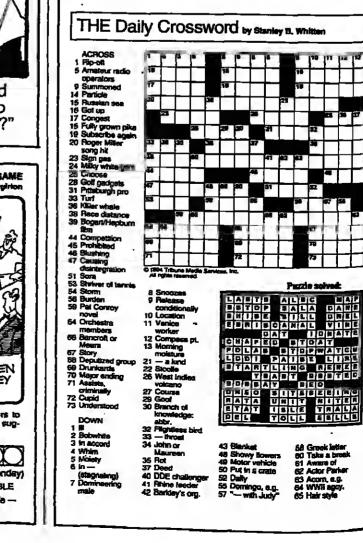
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THE BETTER HALF. By Glasbergen Tattoos

"My wife says I look like I'm bored with our marriage! Can you tattoo an excited expression on my face?"

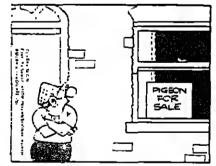
JUMBLE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME by Harri Arriold and Miles Argirion PRAID DYADD URAUBE WHAT HAPPENS WHEN YOU SPEND MONEY LIKE WATER NORSEP Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon. Print answer here: IT (Answers Monday) Jumbies: CRAZY ALBUM DABBLE WOBBLE Answer: How mama's scolding left the young whate — BLUBBERY



out imposing taries in the Arab Gulf state or issuing bonds as measures to raise 1995 budget revenues. The UAE instead asked

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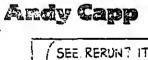
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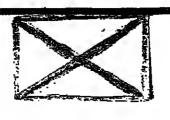






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| Currency | New York Close | Tekyo Close |
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| | Date 12/9/94 | CCU SE Hair 13, 9.94 |
| Sterling Pound | 1.5705 | 1.5e77 |
| Deutsche Mark | 1.5434 | 1,5456 |
| Swise Franc | 1.2867 | 1.2865 |
| French Franc | 5-2845 | 5.2805** |
| Japanese Yen | 99.15 | 99.03 |
| European Curreny l'ait | 1.2350 | 1.2360** |

| Surpcorrency Interest Ra | erocurrency Interest Rates Date: 13/9:1994 | | | | |
|--------------------------|--|--------|--------|---------|--|
| Currency | 1 MTH | 3 MTHS | 6 MTHS | 12 MTHS | |
| U.S. Dollar | 4.60 | 4.81 | 5.18 | 5.68 | |
| Sterling Pound | 5.43 | 5.68 | 6.0÷ | 6.93 | |
| Deutsche Mark | 4.75 | 4.75 | 4.93 | 5.31 | |
| Swiss Franc | 5.75 | 3.57 | 4,12 | 4.50 | |
| French Franc | 5.25 | 5.45 | 5.68 | 6.48 | |
| Japunese Yen | 2.57 | 2.12 | 2.25 | 2.50 | |
| European Currency Unit | 5.62 | 5 87 | A 13 | 4 40 | |

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| | Date: 13:9/1994 | | |
|----------------|-----------------|--------|--|
| Сытепсу | aid | Offer | |
| U.S. Dollar | 0.6950 | 0.6970 | |
| Sterling Pound | 1.0887 | 1.0941 | |
| Deutsche Mark | 0.4502 | 0.4525 | |
| Swiss Franc | 0.5401 | 0.5428 | |
| French Franc | 0.1315 | 0.1322 | |
| Japanese Yen | 0.7015 | 0.7050 | |
| Dutch Guilder | 0.4015 | 0.4035 | |
| Swedish Krona | ***** | ****** | |
| Italian Lira ' | 0.0444 | 0.0446 | |
| Belgian Franc | ****** | ***** | |
| Per 160 | | | |

| Other Currenclus | Date | 13/9/1994 |
|----------------------------|----------|-----------|
| Currency | aid | Offer |
| Bahraini Dinar | 1,8270 | 1.8400 |
| Lebenese Lira® | 0.040875 | 0.041945 |
| Saudi Riyal | 0.18503 | 0.18600 |
| Kuwaiti Dinar | 2.3150 | 2.3480 |
| Qatari Riyal | 0.1597 | 0.1909 |
| Egyptian Pound | 0.2000 | 0.2150 |
| Omani Riyal | 1.7860 | 1.8100 |
| UAE Dirbam | 0.1886 | 0.1896 |
| Greek Drachma ^e | 0.2785 | 0.3165 |
| Cypriot Pound | 1.3925 | 1.4985 |

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Borden accepts \$2b merger bid from KKR/ RJR

billion-deal, dairy and pasta giant Borden said Monday it will be acquired by Kohlberg Kravis Roberts (KKR), marking the biggest acquisition by the leveraged buyout firm since it bought RJR Nabisco Holdings Corp.

Under the proposed buyout, Borden will become a private company headed by its senior managers. Kohlberg Kravis will use its stock in RJR Nabisco to pay for the deal, reducing its ooce-

NEW YORK (R) - In a \$2 majority control of the tobacco and consumer products giant to \$2 billion. It bought RJR Nabisco for \$25 billion five years ago.

Borden has been struggling with weak earnings. In January, it launehed a restructuring aimed at selling off weak units and turning its profits around, but with mixed re-

KKR said it expects a definitive merger agreement to be executed within two

It said the exchange is subject to certain limitations on the number of shares to be issued. It said the purchase price represents a premium of 22.6 per cent over the closing market price of Borden's common stock on Sept. 9, when it closed at \$11.625 on the New York Stock Ex-

ehange (NYSE).

RJR stock, which closed Friday at \$7, also on the NYSE, was not trading early Monday after the announce-

RJR Nabisco said upon KKR's successful acquisition of 100 per cent of Borden, it would issue to Borden about \$500 million of newly issues RJR common for newly issued Borden shares prices at \$14.25 each, representing a

sbares issued for Borden stock will be determined by a prieing mechanism to be agreed on by RJR and KKR.

20 per cent interest in Bor-The final number of RJR

Beijing claims foreign firms defrauded \$10b

Chinese government has accused foreign enterprises of having "stolen" elose to \$10 billioo overvaluing assets when setting up joint ven-tures, an official newspaper

said. By overstating the value of assets contributed to the joint veoture, the foreign partner illegally pockets a higher share of a venture's profits split according to each side's initial investment, said the Business Weekly.

The China Daily's business

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JORDAN SURATT BANK
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BEIJING (AFP) — The from the State Administration for Inspection of Import and Export Commodities (SAIIEC) in a report likely to affect the setting up of future joint ventures.

"Such illegal activities committed by some foreign investors not only undermine the assets of their joint ventures in China, but also hurt the interests of their Chinese partners," the weekly quoted an unidentified SAIIEC official as saying.

Since 1991, the SAIIEC bas investigated 4,000 cases of supplement quoted officials fraud, mainly the overvaluing

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of equipment contributed by foreign investors, said the official.

Those investigations assessed' equipment with a stated value of \$1.3 billion as actually being worth \$900 million, and helped Chinese firms recoup \$400 million io compensation, the newspaper said.

The oewspaper did not explain or give details on the mucb larger figure of \$10 billion alleged to have been stolen by foreign investors.

China now has 47,000 joint ventures, and the government's new charge of massive fraud by foreign partners is likely to affect present and potential investors.

months of the year, China approved more than 2,500 foreignl-funded projects valued at \$44 billioo.

Meanwbile, a Chinese

treasury official has said that tax reforms bave not affected the bulk of foreign firms operating in China this year.

Chen Lianbo, tax department director for foreigners, dismissed reports published abroad that the tax reforms which came into effect io China at the start of 1994 had led to sbarp cost increases. He called them a "groundless distortion of facts.

Mr. Chen told the Englisblanguage China Daily that the 30 per cent increase in taxes received by the state from foreign companies for the first seven months of this year was due to the country's strong industrial growth.

"The reform has actually Duriogl the first six reduced their turnover tax burden," said Mr. Cben. One third paid less tax, one third paid the same amount as last year and another third paid more.

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) - Following are the huying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midsession on the London Foreign Exchange and bullion markets Tuesday.

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6.0900/50 One sterling \$1.5670/80 One ounce of gold \$390.40/390.90

Canadian dollar Deutschemarks Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs Swedish crowns

Italian lire Japanese yen Norwegian crowns Danish crowns

Oman steps up investment drive to offset low oil prices

ABU DHABI (AFP) — The Gulf state of Oman is stepping up a drive to attract investment as part of sweepiog reforms aimed at fortifying its economy against volatile oil prices, bankers said Monday.

A year after it introduced selective income taxes, the government bas modified its corporate laws to make investmeot more attractive for foreign businessmen seeking to tap the country's abundant energy and cheap labour.

The new laws give priority to holding companies, which usually have a large capital and are entitled to set up other firms in various fields. Such companies also bave

numerous sharebolders and this will enable Oman to broaden the base of local and foreign investors.

"The new laws will take effect in early October and they are part of a comprehensive overhaul of the legal investment and taxation framework in the country, an Omani bank manager told AFP by telephone from Mus-

"The laws will largely facilitate the establishmeot of investment companies, mainly holding firms, as they remove red tape, provide guarantees for investors and give a clearer picture of the economic regulations," he

Bankers did not give details of the laws hut said they mainly cover incentives for investors, shorten the period needed for approval of a project and limit decisionmaking bodies to a single authority.

Foreigners could have upto 49 per cent stake in any venture to be set up under the new laws, according to the hankers.

The endorsement of such laws early this year has already produced results, with a new holding company being established with an initial capital of five million

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Omani riyals (\$13 million). Subscribers to Al Anwar Investment company include six local firms, with 60 per cent, as well as national and

foreign individual investors. In a report from Muscat the United Arab Emirates (UAE) semi-official daily Al Ittihad said more bolding companies would be set up after the enforcement of the new corporate laws on Oct.

Oman imposed taxes on profits of local and foreign firms last year but exempted veotures which are involved in certain industrial fields. Officials have said the exemptions are designed to en-

courage productive projects. Oman, which is not an OPEC member, produces around 800,000 harrels per day of oil and weak crude prices forced it to slash spending by around 10 per cent in 1994 to cut a budget deficit.

Officials have stressed there would be no going hack on economie reforms, which cover privatisation, relaxing investment rules and opening the stock exchange for foreigners, sand freeing interest rates.

The government has already sold five key institutions to the public and is planning hillion dollar projects with the participation of the private sector.

The reforms bave given birth to a \$78 million joint venture withhe UAE and a \$50 million fund with a 49 per ceot British equity, the first of its kind in the sultanate. Two other similar funds have been approved and would involve several Japanese sub-

scribers. Official figures showed the reforms, the largest in the oil-rich Gulf, has boosted Oman's non-oil sectors, with their gross domestic product surging by 12 per cent in 1992 and nine per cent in 1993. "Providing a sound legal

and organisational framework is essential for encouraging the private sector and foreign investors," Omani Commerce Minister Mak-hul Ibn Ali Sultan, told Al Ittihad. "Any flaw in such a framework will obstruct economic activities and invest-

Japanese bank lending suffers unprecedented third decline

TOKYO (AFP) — Japanese bank lending suffered an unprecedented third consecutive monthly decline in August with total advances by all banks shrinking 0.3 per cent from a year earlier, the Bank of Japan has said.

Lending contracted for the first time ever in June with a decline of 0.2 per cent from a year earlier followed by a contraction of 0.4 per cent in

A central bank official said lending was expected to keep shrinking as corporate de-manded for funds was likely to remain stagnant for the time being.

"There may be the possibility of a further widening of the rate of decline of bank lending as banks say corporate demand is unlikely to bottom out until well after the year to March," the official said.

The flat corporate demanded for loans reflects the eootioued reluctance of Japanese companies to increase capital spending.

Companies are also trying to pay off debts as part of their balance sheet restructuring," the official added.
The central bank said advances by city banks - accounting for almost half the total - contracted by a smaller margin in Angust, as did lending by long-term credit banks. But lending by trust banks suffered a sbarper de-

Japan's 11 city banks saw lending shrink by 0.5 per cent following a decline of 0.6 per cent in July. Advances by the nation's three long-term credit hanks cootracted 0.4 per cent after the previous 1.3 per cent fall. Lending by the seven trust banks plunged 3.6 per cent following a 3.4 per

cent decline. The central bank added that growth in lending by the first-tier regional hanks was 1.1 per cent, the same rate as July. But growth in advances by second-tier regional banks accelerated to 1.7 per cent.



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ROME (AP) — A world championship that had 10 world records has left the sport of swimming in a daze. With the spectre of doping looming large again, the sport doesn't know whether to celebrate or hide in shame.

"I have never before seen a you are tarred with doing something crooked," said Australian coach Don Talboi. "If (drug-cheating) is allowed to keep going, then we are not going to have a

Describing performanceenhancing drugs as "the single greatest threat to the progress and integrity of the sport." 18 coaches signed a declaration calling on swimming's governing hody, FINA, to act now to clean up the sport.

Although the coaches dion't mention China hy name, most of the doping accusations have been pointed at China's women swimmers, who won 12 of the 16 events and broke five world records at the championships which ended Sun-

Dennis Pursley, national swimming director of the United States team, was one of the 18 who called on FINA to bring in 24-hour notice test-

ing.
He said there was a danger of clean athletes following the same course as the cheats simply to keep up with them. "It's a huge concern."
Pursley said. "I think the majority of athletes won't be drawn into that. They would rather accept losing or getting out of the sport rather than cheat to win.

"But I am not naive to think that there aren't a few of those who would possibly resort to that,' Pursley said.

At the same time we have seen that clean athletes can win whether it's a level playing field or not."

German star Franzi Van Almsick (200 freestyle), American swimmer Tom Dolan (400 individual medley). Samantha Riley (100 hreaststroke) Kieren Perkins (400 freestyle) and Jani Sievinen (200 medley) were the non-Chinese to break world records.

· Of the Chinese, Le Jingyi



Franziska van Almsick

set marks in the 50 to 100 freestyle. He Cihong broke the 100 backstroke record and the relay teams won the 400 freestyle and medley in world record times. Le Jingyi went home with five gold

The best performance hy a Chinese man came from Wang Yiwu, who was sixth in a 200 hreaststroke consolation final.

Van Almsick's performance was even more remarkable because she didn't qualify for the final.

The German was ninth fastest and only made the final when eighth quickest Dagmar Hase, her countrywoman, mysteriously decided

to pull out. The sad thing for Hase, the Olympic 400 metre champion, was that she never swam an individual final. Ironically she was ninth fastest in both 400 and 800 heats and

didn't qualify. Another standout performance came from Russia's Alexander Popov, who became the first swimmer to win both the 50 and 100 freestyle titles at one world championship. Popov, world record holder for 100 metres, also has both Olympie titles and says he is

unbeatable right now. Hungary's Norbert Rosza won both the 100 and 200 breaststroke titles and Spain's Martin Lopez-Zubero, silver medallist in the 200 backstroke behind Russia's Vladimir Selkov, upset world record-holder and defending titlist Jeff Rouse of the United States in the 100

INVITATION TO TENDER FOR THE SUPPLY OF EQUIPMENT AND

FURNITURE TO THE NEW FACULTIES OF EDUCATION AT

THE THREE UNIVERSITIES IN JORDAN

international Competitive Bidding (ICB)

1. The government of the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan has

received a Loan of U.S. \$73,0 million from the International Bank

of Reconstruction and Development- the World Bank-and intends

to apply part of the proceeds of this loan to eligible payments for

the supply of the goods and services covered by this Invitation.

hereby invite local and international suppliers of educational

equipment in subject being taught in the faculty of education of

each one of these three Universities to apply for bidding

documents and to submit tenders (bids) for the equipment and

The Respective Purchasers namely: 1. University of Jordan in Amman

2. Yarmouk University in Irbid

3. Mu'tah University in Mu'tah

Canada's Greg Streppel won the men's 25 kilometre long course race in sea water at Terracina and Australia's Melissa Cunningham took gold in the women's race.

Chinese divers expectedly won four of the six events hut the first went to Zimbabwe's Evan Stewart, the first medallist from his country.

The occasion was marred for Stewart by the fact that organisers did not play the right Zímhahwe national anthem and that his postevent news conference was halted when heavy rain started pouring through the ceiling.

After that it was a steady stream of Chinese victories.

Defending and Olympic champion Fu Mingxia won the women's 10-metre highboard, Chen Lixia the 1metre springboard and Tan Shaping the 3-metre springboard.

Yu Zhuocheng to win, collecting gold in the 3-metre event and Russia's Dimitry Sautin upset Shu Shuwei in the highboard competition. Italy crushed Spain 10-5 in

the men's water polo final in repeat showdown of the 1992 Olympic finalists and Hungary downed defending titlist the Netherlands 7-5 in

In synchronised swimming, American competitor Becky Dyroen-Lancer became the third swimmer to win three golds at one world championship, triumphing in the solo, duet and team events.

the nearby St. Peter's Church where more than 700 mourners attended a funeral ser-Wright, the first British player ever to play 100 times for his country, died Sept. 3

> "He was an absolutely wonderful player, one who have been worth mil lions of pounds hy today's standards," read former England great Bohby Charlton in a tribute. "But he was also a fantastic person who will be missed but not forgotten."

at the age of 70 after a

lenghty battle with cancer.

Agassi breathes life back into tennis thing. I've got to keep on my dreams, and my dreams are to win a tournament like this.

NEW YORK (AP) — He was on his knees, his eyes aglow, mumhling a word or two to himself on the stadium

Maldini,

Savicevic

return for

AC Milan

ROME (R) — Italy left back Paolo Maldini and Mon-

tenegrin Schemer Dejan

Savicevic are both set to re-

turn for holders AC Milan in

their opening European Cup champions' League match away to Ajax Amsterdam

Wednesday.

Maldini has been suffering

from an inflamed achilles ten-

don and has not played com-

petitively since Italy's defeat by Brazil in the World Cup

Savicevic missed Milan's 1-

away draw to Cagliari in the

Italian League Sunday be-

cause of a right leg muscle

strain but should now be fit

enough to face the Dutch champions in the Group D

The return of both eases an

injury and suspension crisis which has ruled out a long list

of key Milan players.

Maldini will play in his
usual left back berth in a

defence led by veteran Fran-

co Baresi and including Filip-

po Galli and Stefano Nava.

Thousands

pay last

respects

to Wright

WOLVERHAMPTON, England (AP) — Thousands of admirers lined the streets of

Wolverhampton Monday to

pay their final respects to

former England soccer Cap-

Fans hraved the pouring

rain both at the Molineux

Grounds Stadium, where

Wright's hearse was driven in

the early afternoon, and at

tain Billy Wright.

match in Amsterdam.

final in Pasadena in July.

set to

"I can't believe it," Andre Agassi said. "The whole

thing."
Maybe this was the real Agassi on Sunday, a champion at the U.S. Open, producing a 6-1, 7-6 (7-5) victory over Michael Stich that had everything to do with substance and precious little with marketing campaigns.

Agassi went into this tournament unseeded and beat five seeded players on his way to the title. Work like that is not done with smoke and mirrors.

Stich does not know Agassi well, but he has seen the glitz and the neon that accompany him wherever he goes. He has seen Barbra Streisand on his arm at one open, Brooke Shields at another.

He has heard the screeches for Agassi at the National Tennis Centre and he has heard the courtside proclamation by U.S. Tennis Association President "Bumpy" Frazer hailing Agassi as the most famous tennis player in the world.

Stich does not take kindly to foolishness. And this was not a good afternoon for him, his groundstrokes caught in the wind, his skills diminished by Agassi, his patience tested by the umpire.

But even Stich was struck

hy the poignance of Agassi alone on the stadium court while the cheers washed over him like the snrf. "If you were standing out there next to him, he was just like a little kid," Stich said. "He didn't know what to say.

He was just so happy and I.

think he is a nice guy. "He wasn't able to cope with all the things people

win a tournament. For Agassi it is never that simple. This

open hecame a kind of

psychodrama for him, an ex-

amination of his strength and

"I think more than any

thing this is a reflection of my

commitment," he said, "If I

had gone down to one of

these other guys during the week, I would still have been

sitting here saying the same

will and maturity.

Andre Agassi

brought up to him. And everybody was just rying to make his image - companies, television people, ATP, players. And I think the image he has is not the person he is. To get rid of that is very difficult for a young man, and he seems able to do that now a little better.'

Some players simply have to deliver the right shots to He said it was not unreasonable to think he could become no. I. If he did it for two weeks, why not longer?"
More immediately, he leaves the open and begins an leaves the open and begins an exhibition tonr, starting Tuesday night at Albany, N.Y., against John McEnroe. Agassi said American tenns needs a lift and the tour is important. So much so he will skip this month's Davis Cup series against Sweden. Agassi, in many ways, rescued the open, a tournament that played to record attendance and produced a riveting women's final, with Arantz Sanchez Vicario beating Steifi Graf in three sets. But it also was a tourna ment that early on had all the

makings of going bust. The men's seeds were losing as if a conspiracy were afoot. At one point, deep into the second week, the prospect loomed of a final between Bernd Karbacher and Jonas As tennis struggles to hold

That is where it is at winning the Grand Slams."
His ATP ranking Monday moved from no. 20 to no. 9

its audience, Agassi becomes a higger player at the table. But he doesn't want to play hero. He just wants to play better tennis. The rest will have to take care of itself.

"What I give for the game and what I do for the game is soley based on me and who am," he said. "Not anything) need to continue acting out. Everybody thinks of image, and that image is everything.
I will probably heaar it for the rest of my life. But, no, l don't feel pressure and, no, I think the game is going to survive whether I am around

Ivanisevic overcomes Cane at Romanian Open

BUCHAREST, Romania (ap) — Croatia's Goran Iva-nisevic Monday struggled to beat Italy's Paolo Cane in the first round of the \$550,000 Romanian Open tennis tournament.

One day before his 23rd birthday, the top seed dis-patched Cane 2-6, 6-3, 6-4 at Bucharest's Progresul clay

"I'm coming here after I didn't win any tournament (in the United States)," he said. "That's why I need a little time to get my confi-

Ivanisevic, ranked third hy ATP, won last year's Romanian Open, after he beat Russia's Andrei Cherkasov. Bnt this year he has to fight harder to get the \$71,000 top

prize. Sergi Bruguera, the fourth in ATP rankings, and Alberto Brasategui of Spain, Ukraine's Andrei Medvedev and Austrian Thomas Muster will see to that. "All the best clay-court

players are here, so you have to play good against every-body," Ivanisevic said. In other matches Monday,

Spain's Alberto Costa upset sixth seeded Andrea Gaudenzi of Italy 6-3, 6-4, and Romania's Andrei Pavel beat Jordi Arrese of Spain 7-5, 3-6, 7-5.

British, Spanish team wins at Forte Grand

AMMAN (J.T.) — The British-Spanish doubles teams of Richard Lewis and Gustavo de Aristegui drove their victory home in the third set hy defeating Alistair Philip and Mazhar Al Jazeirah on the third day of the Forte Grand/TNT tennis

tournament. The ladies No. 2 seed Rana Kawar fought hard to overcome Mrs. Otsuka in another ladies cliffhanger.

An easy victory was recorded for the no. 1 men's doubles pair Tae-in Lee and Kim Neung Woo who defeated German hopefuls Stephen Haffner and Hans Crochtmann.

Michael Stich Stich named to German team

HAMBURG, Germany (AP) — One day after losing the U.S. Open final to Andre Agassi, Michael Stich was named Monday to the German Davis Cup team for the semifinal clash against Russia Sept. 23-25.

Stich, who regained the No. 2 ranking in the world by reaching the final, led the German team to the Davis Cup title over Australia last

Three-time Wimhledon champion Boris Becker, who quit the team last year, is missing again for the tie

against Russia in Hamburg. The German Tennis Federation confirmed Monday that it was negotiating with Becker's manager for his return to the team. It said the talks were still going on.

The federation said media reports that Becker was close to signing a multi-million contract that would return him to the Davis Cup team were premature.

Federation chiefs have not ruled out Becker returning to play the final if Germany advances, opening a dispute with captain Niki Pilic, Such and other players who say Becker should not play the final if he misses earlier

In addition to Stich, Pilic also picked Karsten Braasch. Marc-Kevin Goellner and Bernd Karbacher to face the

GOREN BRIDGE

ANSWERS TO WEEKLY BRIDGE QUIZ ugly it may be, is to pass.

w.1—Neither vilnerable, as South you hold:

•Kt09 "A972 'Q85 •K94

Partner opens the bidding with one diamond. What do you respond?

A.—Normally, you would show a major suit in response to partner's minor-suit opening. Here, however, the queeo in partner's suit should be upgraded and the good intermediates make this hand worth more than the 12 points it counts. Since the hand lacks a ruffing value, hid two oo trump. Q.3—Neither vulnerable, as South you hold:

\$\phi\$J1025 \(^{\text{TAK987}}\) \(^{\text{A83}}\) \(^{\text{46}}\)

The bidding has proceeded:

South West North East

1 \(^{\text{Pass}}\) \(^{\text{Pass}}\) \(^{\text{Pass}}\)

2 \(^{\text{Pass}}\) \(^{\text{Pass}}\) \(^{\text{Pass}}\)

What do you bid now?

A.—Once partner has issued an invitation, you should be delighted to accept. With four-card support, an unbalanced hand and all prime cards on the side, you want to play in the major suit, so bid four spades—three spades might get passed. Pass ?
What action do you take?
A.—This hand has all the hall-marks of a classic misfit. Three clubs would be a game force and two no trump would be invitational, and you are not strong enough for either action. You can't rebid two spades with such a shabby five-card suit, so the only sensible action, however

Q.4—Neither vulnerable, as South you hold:

\$\frac{494}{2} \times \text{739732} \times \text{A1085} \times \text{K7}\$

The bidding has proceeded:

North East South West

\$\frac{1}{2} \text{ Pass} \text{ ? Pass}

\$\frac{1}{2} \text{ Pass} \text{ ? Pass}

What do you bid now? What do you bid now?

A.—A new suit by responder cre-ates a one-round force, so rule out two diamonds—you are about a king short for that action. That

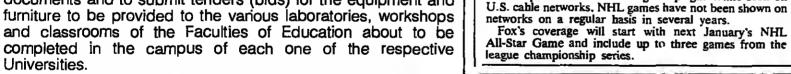
bold: **♠K10875** ∵Void ∴K984 **♣Q868** Partner's three-heart preemptive opening bid gets passed to you what action do you take?

A.—Partner has shown a seven-card beart suit and little else. so there's no reason to suppose there's a better spot. Any attempt to improve the contract is almost certain to result in a disaster. Pass.

Q.6-As South, vulnerable, you hold: \$K10275 \(\text{Void}\) \(\text{K984} \) \$\text{\$\text{Q863}} The bidding has proceed
North East South
3 Dbl ?

What action do you take?

A.—Pass, for the reasons set out above. Hope that West takes out tha double, because you have resonable defensive prospects or, if the death is the destination of the death o the double is left in, your bits and



3. Interested eligible bidders may obtain further information from, and inspect the Bidding Documents for each of the three Universities: (1) at the University of Jordan in Amman, (2) at the liaison office of Yarmouk University located at the Higher Council for Science and Technology building inside the campus of the Royal Scientific Society, (3) at the liaison office of Mu'tah University located at Samir Rifai St.-Jabal Amman between the hours of 9:00 a.m. to 1:00 p.m. Saturday to Wednesday from September 14, 1994 to Oct. 5, 1994.

4. A complete set of the Bidding Documents may be obtained from the above referred offices on submission of a written application and upon payment of a non-refundable fee. All payments will be by a Bank draft or certified bank check in currency of the purchaser's choice or in cash made out in favour of the respective University. Price of purchasing the documents would be the equivalent of the Jordan Dinar as follows:

- For Delivery to personal callers JD 15.000 per Lot.

- For Delivery by local Mail to Local Bidders JD 25.000 per lot. - For Delivery to Overseas Bidders by Courier Service JD 25.000 per Lot plus JD 50 for all Lots.

Bids will be priced and submitted separately for each individual Lot to each respective University. Contracts will be awarded for a Lot (by/Lot) basis to the lowest evaluated bidders who would prove capable to carry out the requirements of the contracts to be signed. Bidders could be awarded more than one Contract of each.

Closing date for the bid submission will be noon of Wednesday, Nov. 2, 1994. Bids shall have a validity of 90 days and will be accompanied issued by The University of Jordan, Yarmouk University and Mu'tah University by a sid security to the value of about 3% of the Bid Price and of duration of 120 days.

FARM MANAGER NEEDED

Murdoch swings NHL TV deal

NEW YORK (AFP) - Australian-born Rupert Murdoch,

who shocked U.S. network television with a \$1.5 hillion

deal for American foothall, made a \$155 million deal

Fox network, hidding five million dollars under the Fox

The deal will allow up to 20 NHL telecasts per season,

with 11 planned in the coming campaign. While seen on

for five years of National Hockey League games. Once again U.S. rival CBS was the loser to Murdoch's

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Baseball history hints at post-strike future

WASHINGTON (AFP) — A century-old idea detailed in a new Major League Baseball documentary has given striking players a plan to prepare for owners terminating the 1994 season without a World

Owners are set to cancel the annual championship in a dispute with players over sal-ary limits. Baseball's eighth stoppage since 1974 has lasted 32 days, leaving only memories such as those in the 18-hour film history "Base-

Players have discussed forming their own league, a solution first tried in 1890. Rivals owners forced the fledgling 19th century teams out of business. But with more than 200 player contracts expiring this year and television financing likely, the time might be right for. player-owned teams.

"We're going into un-charted waters. Who knows what will happen? Players might make their own league," Los Angeles Dodgers pitcher Orel Hershiser said. There might be bank-ers just to hack 100 per cent player ownership. Then there would be no argument about cutting up the pieces of the

Those who fail to learn from the past are doomed to repeat it, warns Dodgers' outfielder Brett Butler.

"If they close the doors, you and I in our lifetime will not see a change like we will see in baseball," he said. "Players would be more than willing to start their own league rather than go with a

salary cap. "Baseball" director Ken Burns, who created a landmark film on the U.S. Civil War in 1990, finds his tribute to the game now more of a enlogy. The film debuts Sunday on U.S. television and will be shown on nine con-

secutive nights. Burns spent four years on the project, causing a 12-year marriage to his college sweetheart to fall apart. But the life-long baseball fan indulged his passion, speaking with childhood idols and be-

British-based team under the

contro! of court-appointed

The action will allow Lotus

to continue participating in

Grand Prix races despite

debts totalling £10 million

drivers' and constructors'

world titles from 1963-78, but

has struggled in recent sea-

sons. The team has vet to

score a point in 12 races this

"It is very sad that such an

iliustrious team has to seek

said Neil Cooper, one of the

appointed administrators.

"This reflects their indiffe-

rent performance in the last

year and a gap in spon-

establish as soon as possible

the possibility of reorganising the company's indebted-ness." Cooper said. "In the meantime, with the con-

tinued support of the team's

sponsors, Lotus will be con-

The court heard that, in Sunday's Italian Grand Prix,

Lotus driver Johnny Herbert was robbed of the chance of

putting a newly-developed

tinuing to race."

"As administrators we will

the protection of the court."

Lotus wen 13 Formula One

administrators.

(\$15 million).

sorsaip."

Lotus gets stay

coming the nltimate fan

"I've told representatives of both sides that they are custodians of something a lot more important than the bottom line," Burns said. "My worry is the strike will extend into 1995 and have kind of a devastating effect."

Delving into the history of the game, we might find some answers for the present," Burns said. "Many of the questions being played out today were played out back in the early part of the 20th century. There's a sense that in a sport constantly soul-searching, as baseball seems to be, you can understand the present hy looking

at the past."
The documentary uses 4,000 photographs and 70 interviews to examine baseball's evolution from cricket through the formation of the first professional club 125 years ago. Top players went to the highest bidder before. owners took control of the game by forming the National League in 1876.

The film also details the 1919 Chicago White Sox, who took money from gamb-lers to throw the World Series, and the plight of black players. Blacks were denied a piace in Major League Base-hall until Jackie Robinson joined the Brooklyn Dodgers in 1947.

."The story of baseball is the story of our country," Burns said. "It's about race and class. It's about labour and management, the role of women, the growth and decay of cities. It's about the rise of popular culture and the nature of mythology."

Burns, who next plans to examine the life of U.S. Constitution founder Thomas Jefferson, developed a love of baseball while a child. His mother fought breast cancer for eight years before dying when he was 11 years old.

"While all that horror was happening, baseball became my sole refuge," Burns said. "It was the only thing that gave me peace and pleasure. I didn't really have a child-hood except for baseball."

Japan threatens to pull support for OCA chief

TOKYO (R) — Japan warned Tuesday it would not support the reelection of the Olympic Council of Asia (OCA) chief after an embarrassing row that nearly led to a Chinese boycott of next month's Asian Games.

The OCA effectively cancelled an invitation extended to Taiwan's President Lee Teng-Hui Monday after the diplomatic fracas erupted.

But there were indications Tokyo planned to allow at least three Taiwanese officials including Deputy Prime Minister Hsu Li-Teh and Education Minister Kuo Wei-Fan to attend the games' opening ceremonies.
The Yomiuri Shimhun

newspaper said a senior official from the Hiroshima
Asian Games Organising
Committee (HAGOC) went
to Taipei Monday with 517
identity cards for Taiwanese athletes, journalists and officials including Hsu and Kuo. Hironoshin Furuhashi.

HAGOC chairman, made clear on returning from the World Swimming Championships in Rome that hosts Japan were furious about the OCA's handling of a controversial invitation to Taiwan's Lee.

"Even key members of the international sports world told (me): 'What has (OCA) President Sheikh Ahmad done?" Furuhashi was quoted as saying at Tokyo's Narita Airport by Kyodo news agency.

"For the Asian sports world and its future, we will be at a loss if we leave the situation like this," Furu-Kyodo said Furuhashi

hinted that the Japan Olympie Committee, which he also heads, would not support any reelection bid by Sheikh Ahmad at an OCA general meeting to be held during the Hiroshima Games. Sheikh Ahmad Al Fahd Al

Sabah of Kuwait was elected to the OCA post at an extraordinary meeting in 1991. The OCA chief usually serves for a four-year term.

Sheikh Ahmad's father Sheikh Fahd, who was killed during Iraq's August 1990 in-vasion of Kuwaii, had held the post since the OCA was established in 1982.

In an apparent effort to avert a Chinese boycott, the Kuwait-based OCA, the games' sponsor, on Monday announced no politicians would be invited to the event other than those from host country Japan.

The brief OCA statement made no mention of any individual but the move in effect cancels an invitation that the OCA had extended to Lee.

HAGOC's Furuhashi was

quoted as saying by Kyodo: Now the games will hecome an event with all expected countries coming together."
A record 7,300 athletes

and officials from 42 nations are due to take part in the event competing in 337 events in 34 sports. The games are held every four years and open in Hiroshima Oct. 2.

China, Asian games champions since 1986, is sending the largest contingent, with 779 athletes and officials. Taiwan's delegation totals

Kyodo said Furuhashi had secured support from International Olympic Committee (IOC) President Juan Antonio Samaranch at talks in Paris Sept. 3 for a withdrawal of the invitation to Lee.

Meanwhile, in Taipei, Taiwan accused China Tuesday of mixing politics with

Lee has received no official notice from the OCA of a change to his invitation and still plans to attend the games, press secretary to the President Frederick Chang told reporters.

"For the Chinese communists to talk this way, they are very clearly allowing politics to interfere with sports,' Chang said.

He said China's mixing of sport with politics could affect other aspects of rela-tions between Beijing and Taipei Foreign Minister Frederick

Chien said China's efforts to exert international pressure to prevent Lee going to the games would have a negative impact on slowly thawing ties, the China Times Express newspaper said.

Lee had not changed his plans to attend the opening ceremony, Chang said. "Up until now the president of the Olympic Council of Asia's invitation to President Lee has in no way changed," he

"President Lee's plans to attend the opening ceremonies of the Asian Games

in Hiroshima have not changed either," Chang said. China, the Asian Games champions since 1986, has regarded Taiwan as a renegade province since the civil war on the mainland ended in 1949 and the defeated nationalists retreated to the island.

Lee said Monday the invitation had nothing to do wirh politics. We can see that the situation our country is facing is fairly difficult," he

"The invitation is to thank me for promoting sports and my firm support for Olympic ideas in the past. It is very simple and is completely based on sports and has nothing to do with politics. Nobody has the right to politicise the matter.

The Taipei Olymoic Committe said last week it would not boycott the games even if Lee's invitation were with-

Le Tissier's double downs Spurs

LONDON (AP) - Matthew le Tissier scored his second goal of the game with one minute to play Monday to give Southampton a 2-1 vic-tory over Tottenham in the English Premier League.

Le Tissier's goals came after Tottenham defender Sol Campbell was sent off for a controversial foul of Neil Heaney in the 75th minnte. The foul appeared to occur outside the penalty area, but referee Alan Wilkie showed the red card and le Tissier converted the spot kick.

Southampton's comeback against 10 men, producing its first win of the season, overshadowed German striker Juergan Klinsmann's sixth goal of the season for Spurs in the sixth minute.

The loss kept Tottenham in ninth place in the 22-team league with nine points, although the team will lose six points at the end of the season as punishment for financial irregularities. Southampton improved to 15th. Before 22,387 at White

the lead after Klinsmann shrugged off a defender only to have Saints' goalkeeper Bruce Grobbelaar save the shot with his legs. The ball came straight out to Darren Anderton, whose shot was deflected perfectly for Klinsmann to drive home from five

yards (metres). Both teams had ample chances, including Klinsmann's miss just wide midway th rough the second half, until the disputed penalty.

After le Tissier's pass sent

Heaney racing clear, Camp-bell looked to have tackled the Saints' striker cleanly on the edge of the penalty area. Tottenham substitute Mickey Hazard was booked for protesting the awarded spot kick as le Tissier tied it.

Spurs then flung themselves forward in a bid to regain their lead, leaving the door wide open at the hack for le Tissier's winner.

It happened when midfielder Paul Allen crossed low from the right and defender Stuart Nethercott missed an easy clearance, leaving le Tissier with the easiest of shots past helpless goalkeeper Ian Walker.



Tottenham striker Jurgen Klinsmann kicks past Southampton defender Francis Benali (right) to open the score during their FA Premiership game at White Lane Monday

from bankruptcy LONDON (AP) — The · Lotus Formula One team was Honda engine through its paces because of an incident on the first bend in which he granted a temporary stay was innocently involved. from bankruptcy Monday is quitting The race was restarted with when a high court put the

Herbert in a car powered by an older engine and he re-tired after 13 laps. The judge ruled that the new engine should have a chance to prove itself in the Portuguese Grand Prix Sept. 25 and the European Grand

Prix Oct. 16. He ordered the

administrators to return to court Oct. 24 with a report on the company's progress. . The move increases the likelihood of Lotus being sold. The Evening Standard newspaper reported Monday that Managing Director Peter

Collins will turn to old friend Nigel Mansell for help. Mansell, former Formula One and Indy-car champion, started his career with Lotus in 1980. He is returning to Formula One for three races with the Williams team at the end of this season, hut his

prospects for next year are uncertain. The Lotus racing team is not connected with the car manufacturers of the same

spacious hall, garage, garden.

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Benetton denies that Schumacher

Hart Lane, Tottenham took

GENEVA (R) — Michael Schumacher's Benetton team dismissed Tuesday newspapers, reports that the world drivers' championship leader will leave them at the end of the Formula One motor racing

The Swiss newspaper Blick reported Tuesday that the 25-year-old German's lawyers had given written notice to Benetton Managing Director Flavio Briatore that he would quit at the end of

the season. Benetton spokeswoman Maria Bellanca, speaking from the Anglo-Italian team's English headquarters, said: "As far as the team is concerned, that is all specula-

Benetton's runaway start to the season, when they won six of the first seven races, has been checked by a series of problems including a tworace suspension for Schumacher for failing to obey a black flag during the British

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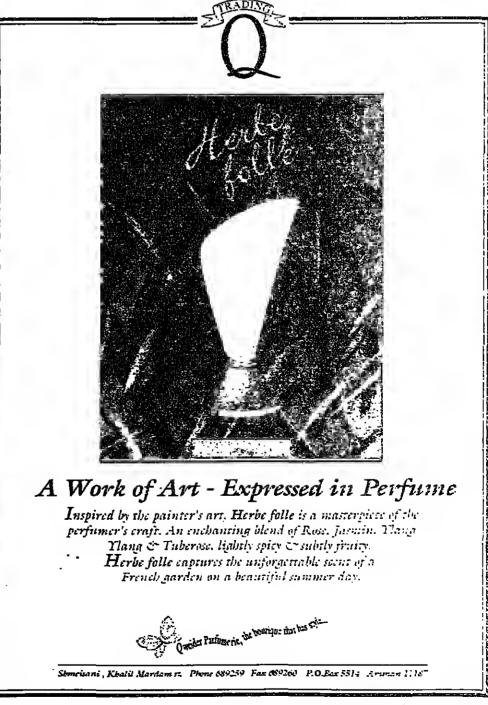
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Al Salam Ya Salam

Daily at 8:30 p.m. Tuesday is the theatre's holiday By P.V. Vivekanand

Jordan Times Staff Reporter

THE YEMENI government is poised to grant a multi-hillion dollar concession to an international company to produce natural gas, energy industry

Yemen is proven to hold between nine and 13 trillion cubic feet of gas in the Marib region of the country in a concession area where the Yemnen Hunt Oil Company is already producing up to 185,000 barrels or oil per day.

The Yemen Hunt Oil Company, which comprises the U.S. Hunt Oil Company and Exxon and Korea's Yokung, is best placed to secure the contract. But, the sources added, the agreement has vet to be drafted in the final form pending "finishing touches.

Figures of the gas concession negotiations are still a best-kept secret, out informed sources in Sanaa. the Yemeni capital, say the contract would mean an annual \$2 to \$3 billion in revenues to the Yemeni government.

Ray Hunt of Hunt Oil was in Sanaa last week for talks with President Ali Abdullah Saleh, but an expected announcement of the gas deal failed to materialise.

Planning Ministet Abdul Karim Irvani would only say that "there could be significant gas deposits" in an area called Jennah. southeas! of Marib and that

Protests force Abbas to postpone visit home

SAFED (AFP) - Mahmoud Abbas, the Palestine Libera-

tion Organisation (PLO) official who signed the autonomy

accord exactly a year ago, cancelled a planned visit to his

ancestral home in the town of Safed on Tuesday amid

Jewish protests, Israel radio said, Safed town councillors

declared Mr. Abbas, known as Abu Mazen, a "terrorist....

and persona non grata," leading hundreds in demonstra-tions against the visit. "We doo't want you, go back."

shouted protesters carrying photographs of victims of terror." Mr. Abbas, who arrived in the self-rule area of

Jericho last Friday after almost 50 years in exile. went

instead to Haifa, a mixed Israeli and Arab city in oorthern

Israel, where he was to meet the mayor, Avharam Mitzna.

Israeli police chief Assaf Hefetz advised Mr. Abbas, who

signed the declaration of principles in Washingtoo on

September 13, 1995, not to go to Safed for the time being,

the Israeli news agency ITIM reported. Mr. Abbas was

born in Safed, Galilee, in 1933, and left ahead of the

creation of Israe! in 1948. His family home is today a

branch of Israel's right-wing opposition party Likud.

Rebels returning to settle in south Sudan

KHARTOUM (AFP) - Thousands of former rebels have

returned to settle in southern Sudan with their families in

response to a call for them to lay down their arms, a

government newspaper reported Tuesday. Al Guwwat Al

Musallaha, the mouthpiece of the Sudanese army, said

some 8,000 families have returned to the areas of Tong and

Gogrial in Bahr al Ghazal state and another 829 to Deleng

and Kadugli in Kordofan state. The daily said the

returnees, former fighters of the Sudan People's Liberation

Army (SPLA), are being helped with their material needs

in government-controlled areas. It cited the governor of

Kordofan state, Brigadier Salah Al Ghali, as saying the

rebels were being persuaded to return in addition by family

Ankara requests extradition of militant

ANKARA (AFP) - Turkey has formally asked France to

extradite the leader of Turkey's extreme-left group Dev-

Sol. Dursun Karatas, Turkey's foreign ministry spokesman Ferhat Ataman said Tuesday. Mr. Karatas, 41, was

indicted Monday by France's top anti-terrorism magistrate

Jean-Louis Bruguiere. He was arrested early Friday trying

to cross the Italian-Freech border using a false Dutch passport. The extradition request was submitted Mooday

under the Council of Europe's Convention on Extradition,

of which Turkey and France are both signatories, Mr.

Atamao said. The dossier oo Mr. Karatas has not yet been

sent to France, but "is being drawn up," the Turkish justice

ministry said. "We have asked that he (Karatas) not be set

free, and that be be extradited to Turkey," Mr. Ataman

NICOSIA (AP) - Three British soldiers were being

interrogated Tuesday in the kidnapping of a Danish

woman, who was grabbed in the night while riding a

motorcycle with a boyfriend near a southern beach resort.

A police statement identified the woman as Louise Jensen,

23, the Cyprus representative of a Danish tour agency

called Fritidsresor. It said three British soldiers were

arrested as "kidnap suspects" and that the woman's escort,

Michalis Vassiliades, identified them as the attackers.

Coast guard, sniffer dogs and Cypriot belicopters teamed

up io the search for Miss Jensen, bot bad not found her

more than 12 bours after the incident. Miss Jensen and Mr.

Vassiliades. 21, of Nicosia, were on a road just outside the

resort of Ayia Napa at 00.45 a.m. (2145 GMT Monday). A

yellow mini moke, a beach huggy, overtonk their motorcy-cle, blocked the way and forced them to stop. Two men

climbed out of the car and went for Miss Jensen. One of them struck her with "a metal bar or a shovel," the police

statement said. A third man chased Vassiliades, but he

managed to flee on foot and hid in a bush. The three men

drove away with the girl, and he ran to a police station to

Qadhafi calls Halti dangerous precedent

TUNIS (R) — Libyan leader Muammar Qadhafi, who

fears the west may attack Libya over Lockerbie, said on

report the incident.

Britons implicated in Cyprus kldnap

members still living in the government areas.

the gas export project "is still under discussion between the government and prospective investors. including Hunt/Exxon, who were the ones that discovered" the deposit.

Dr. Iryani put the estimated reserves at eight to nine trillion cubic feet, but other industry sources said the reserves were over 13 trillion cubic feet.

"Some gas experts in-dications are that the country could prove to be the largest gas producer in the region after Qatar if proper exploration and output methods are adopted," said a senior official of a Western oil company operating in Sanaa.
India is tipped to be the

potentia! buyer of Yemeni gas under a bid submitted by the Enron oil company. with whom the Sanaa government has already signed a preliminary agreement which calls for final accords to be negotiated and signed before the end of the year.

But the government is known to favour Yemen Hunt, if only because the gas was discovered in the oil concession area given to Yemen Hunt under a production-sharing agree-ment signed in 1984. Production started in September 1987.

While that agreement does not cover natural gas, the very fact that Yemen Hunt is operating in the area is a factor in its favour. In addition, Yemen Hunt has a pipeline running from Matib to Hodeidh port, offering a convenient medium to transport natu-

ral gas.
"However, the government is pressing Yemen Hunt to raise its bid for gas concession and match it with that of Enron," said the oil company official in Sanaa. The Enron offer is believed to involve up to \$5 billion investment.

Yemen Hunt is the biggest oil producer in Yemen. accounting for more than half the country's total out-George Slaughter, gener-

al manager of Yemen Hunt, would not comment on specific details of the present oil concession accord. He would only say that his company's concession agreements with the government "are not well defined" and therefore he was unable 10 project long-term prospects for his company in Yemen.

According to Dr. Iryani, proven reserves of oil in Yemen range between 600 million and 700 million barrels, but there are strong indications are that much larger deposits exist in the country.

In addition to Yemen Hunt's 185,000 barrels per day (b/d) output, Canoxy of Canada produces 150.000 barrels in the Masila region. Nimr Petroleum, a Saudibased company, used to produce upto 10,000 b/d. but now produces less than 4,000 b/d.

However, Yemen has not been able to reflect oil revenues on its socioeconomic development. Under the production-

NEWS IN BRIEF

sharing agreements, the government gets less than 50 per cent of the output, of which nearly 80,000 b/d are used for local consumption at below-cost prices, leaving little for exports that generate revenue to the treasury. Whatever revenues do come in are used up for food subsidies for the country's 14 million people estimated at around \$400

The civil war that ended in July did not result in serious damages to the oil fields that are already producing. "Production was stopped for a few days during the war," said Mr. Slaughter.

Nearly 30 oil companies maintain a strong presence in Yemen in hopes that sooner or later they would discover crude or gas in their concession areas. These include Arco, British Petroleum, Chevron, Occidental, Total and

More than 3,000 Yemenis and nearly 700 foreigners work in the Yemeni oil industry, with Yemen Hunt accounting for 1,100 Yemenis and 350 foreigners.

A tecent blowing up of a plane belonging to the Swiss Cimex company at Aden airport sparked fears among Westernets that foreigners were being targeted by extremist elements in post-crisis Yemen.

But it turned out that the attack on the plane was carried out by a local employee who was claiming back pay, sources said,

Tuesday a U.S. invasion of Haiti would set a dangerous

precedent. "If the invasioo of Haiti is carried out... it will

confirm what we have already said about the United States.

its tyranny, its dangerousness for the whole of humanity,

and will confirm also that the United States is a state

without conscience nor morality," Colooel Qadhafi said in a statement carried by Libya's JANA news agency. "If

Britain agrees to take part in the invasion, it will be a proof

of what we already said that the so-called Western and

Christian civilisations are falling and becoming a lie and treachery," he added. The Libyan leader said be would advise U.S. President Bill Clinton to resign rather than

invade Haiti, which Mr. Clinton has threatened to do to

overthrow the Caribbean island state's military rulers. Col.

Qadhafi also appealed to the Pope "to save what can be

saved in the temole of the falling Christianism."

Tunislan Islamist sees hope in Algeria

PARIS (R) - The exiled leader of Tunisia's outlawed

Muslim fundamentalist movement was quoted on Tuesday

as saying there was a chance of a compromise between

Islamists and military rulers in neighbouring Algeria. Rached Gbannouchi, who lives in Britain, told the French

daily Information the negotiations between the Algiers

authorities and imprisoned leaders of the Islamic Salvation

Front (FIS) were "the first glimmer of hope in the Algerian tunnel," he said: "The balance of power now in Algeria

makes it possible to hope for a compromise. The army bas

not managed to wipe out the revolution. The Algerian state

is in the process of disintegrating. At the same time, on the

Islamist side, the divisive factors are growing bigger and

bigger. Time is not on either camp's side. That explains

why the moderates on both sides are trying to negotiate."

Mr. Ghannonchi, sentenced to life imprisonment in bis

bome country in 1992, is in close contact with exiled

Algerian Muslim fundamentalists. He condemned the

murders of intellectuals and foreigners by radical guerrillas

NICOSIA (AP) - Iran seized over nine tonnes of drugs in

three separate operations this week, including a two-house

clash with smugglers leading a 40-camel caravan across the

country's east, Iran's official oews agency reported Toes-

day. Twenty-five camels were killed and 14 were captured

in the Sunday bust in which Iranian security forces seized a

large amount of ammunition and nearly seven tonnes of

drugs, including 1.886 kilogrammes (857 pounds) of morphine and 4.921 kilogrammes (2.237 pounds) of opium,

according to the report. The caravan was intercepted in the eastern province of Baluchestan from where the smugglers

intended to channel the drugs to Europe, according to the

local police commander, Brigdier Mahmond Japalagi.

Iran's Islamic Republic News Agency did not say if any of

the smugglers were killed or arrested. Japalaqi said that an

addition 2,125 kilogrammes of opium was seized by force

during other operations in the province, without providing

BUENOS AIRES (AP) - Five Lebanese citizens have

been detained for questioning in connection with the

deadly bombing of a Jewish community centre, a judge said

Tuesday. The five, including a 16-year-old boy, were

detained Saturday in Misiones province near Argentina's

border with Brazil, Criminal Court Judge Mario-Jachiro

Doy told local radio stations. Mr. Jachiro Doy said the five

will be questioned by federal judge Juan Jose Galeano,

who is leading the investigation. The July 18 bombing in

Bueoos Aires killed 95 people and injured more than 200.

The adults detained were Ali Haudi Hussein, Amad Jomaa, Walid Jamil and Jassam Dyoyb. The 16-year-old

was not identified. None of the detainees have been

charged. Mr. Galeano last mooth ordered the capture of

four current and former Iranian officials for questioning in

connection with the bombing. He also said three current

employees of the Iranian embassy in Buenos Aires should

be questioned. However, the supreme court, which handles

all cases involving foreign diplomats, ruled that there was

not enough proof to force the Iranians to submit to

questioning.

Five Lebanese detained in Argentina

Iran seizes nine tonnes of drugs

or other shadowy groups.



BHUTTO IN FEZ: Moroccan King Hassan II Bhutto at his palace in Fez on Monday. Ms. receives Pakistani Prime Minister Benazir Bhutto was on a one-day visit to Morocco (AFP

Jordan among those voicing reservations in Cairo

From Mariam M. Shahin in Cairo

JORDAN, Syria, Libya, Nicaragua and the Vatican registered their last reservations on the final text of the Cairo plan of action at the International Conference on Population and Development (ICPD) on Tuesday.

The five delegations said they disapproved of the final text granting reproductive rights to individuals rather than couples only. Along with Egypt, Pakistan, Iran and Catholic nations, the group bad lobbied extensively to change the wording in Chapter Seven of the 16-chapter document which granted reproductive rights to cou-

In the original text, reproductive rights were granted to "marriages." This was changed to married couples and individuals, still seen by many as a condoning of premarital sex and parenthood out of wedlock.

ples and individuals.

The document also refers to "families in their various forms," thus making up for the deletion of couples and other "unions," Western delegates said.

The Iranian delegate to the conference, Mohammad Ali Taskhiri, said Iran could oot condone any sanctioning of extra-marital sex in the text of the document. The document propagates the concept of "safe sex", said Mr. Taskhiri. "This violates all religious laws." he added.

But while Muslim and Catholic countties won points on the "sexual bighground," on many points they lost on the right of immigrants and migrant families to be granted family reunification rights. Western countries, led by the United States, Canada and Switzerland, were adamant about leaving out the word "right." The final text assured only to "vital importance" of family reuni-

Jordan and most of the Muslim countries who are members in the Group of 77. lobbied extensively all week to have a series of alterations and additions included in chapters of the Cairo plan of action, which

referred explicitly to

women's rights.
The application of the programme should be. consistent with and have full respect for the various religious and ethical values and cultural backgrounds," was one of several additions that were included into the Cairo document as a result of extensive lobbying from Muslim coun-

Jordan also helped in removing an entire chapter on sexual rights in the document because it was felt it would promote promiscuity.

The chapter referred to "alternative to early marriage" for young women.

Muslim countries also imposed on the conference a change in reference to inheritance rights of women. A call to "equal" treatment in inberitance rights was changed with the help of the Jordanian delegates to the term "equit-

But the overall agreement with reservations came after much corridor diplomacy and deliberations between several blocs that had formed at the U.N. cooference. The Group of 7? was united on most issues but its Muslim members, especially Iran rate positions on sexual rights.

The text of the document guaranteed reproductive rights which it said embraced buman rights which would allow "couples and individuals" to freely chose the number, spacing and timing of their children.

If the Cairo plan of action, which is estimated to cost \$17 billion annually to implement by the year 2000, the growth of world population would be bridled. The U.N. estimates that by the year 2015 the world population would have grown to 7.27 billion people up from the current 5.67 billion. If the implementation fails, the number is estimated to be 7.92

Scientists testifying at the conference said the current consumption rates in the

billion.

Western bemisphere and uncontrolled population growth in the developing world along with namea-sured exploitation of the environment could create a major environmental catastropbe worldwide and change life as we know by the oext century.

Women delegates to the nine-day conference, attended by some 12,000 representatives from governments and nongovernmental agencies said they had won a partial vic-

They used to laugh at us wheo we talked about gender equality and equity, said Susan Davis who coordinated the nongovernmental organisation (NGO) caucus." We've taken a very conservative, male-dominated demographically controlled field and we've really belped shift their thinking and understanding of our issues and our lives," she added.

One French male delegate to the governmental caucus backed Ms. Davis and he told reporters: "Someone described this conference as being about the 'education of women' and the re-education of men' ... and I think they

But not all participants were so positive about the dialogue between NGOs of mostly Asian women protested in front of the governmental caucus Mooday protesting the conference's outcome and focus.

"There cannot be reproductive health for women who don't have food or medicine," said Kaplana Mehta, an Indian member of the women's caucus, as she led two dozen demonstrators.

Many delegates from the Third World complained that finance and aid will guide much of the success of the plan of action which they believe is partially imposed.
"The West can pressure

on our governments to apply the plan of action but the West has to belp pay it. If those two steps aren't taken then we were bere to talk and take no real action," said one delegate from the Third World.

Joke blows up in Frenchman's face

employed by a French

businessman to boost morale

among his staff has backfired after they complained and authorities demanded his expulsion from Vietnam for phonoured humiliating workers. George Wache, manager of a furni Wifetta A School ture company called Saigon Mobilier Internationale (SMI), could be banned from returning to Vietnam from holiday in France after form ing workers into what the local press have described a "shameful acts," reports said Mooday. Mr. Wache alleged. ly made three workers par their heads between his thighs to search for cinema tickets that he was giving out as rewards for good work. well as one of the three men less resigned and The jokes did not go down resigned and complained to treatment. Police and unions in the city are now demanding he be banned from returning to Vietnam turning to Vietnam. On the distriction of the control of the contr Minh City factory who had assembled a piece of furniture upside-down stand on his head as his head as a punishment Newspapers in Saigon, which have been following the story with a relisb reserved for cases involving foreigners, have accused Wache of humiliating his staff and have de manded action against him. Francisci. Decree Wache insists it was all just innocent fun.

Lions maul bible-clutching Intruder at zoo

LONDON (AFP) - A man was mauled and critically injured by three lions at the London Zoo after be scaled a 20-foot (seven metre) fence and climbed into their den security cintching a Bible, zoo offi-cials said. The man, unidentified and in his early 20s, was evacuated by helicopter to a hospital where he was listed to the least - iii. in stable but critical condition after emergency surgery for chest injuries. "The hons Fig. 2 Februar: were holding the unfortunate an urise: man," said senior 200 curator Simon Tonge, "One had him THE Aden to Martine by the oeck and the two want from Annual younger ones were biting his 2130-eu-oid here. "He was conscious, he | 2 and to enter " wasn't screaming. I suppose status Breing you would say he was with the status of the thing on the ground, obvious ly in some pain," said Mr. Fare the device Tonge. "There was some Tonge a Sense blood." "We greatly regret to a Sense Tonge of Sense Tonge "There' was some | # passenger. ... the iocursioo today and the lang was considered injuries suffered by this anded with the language was the language th man," said zoo Director Jo and in the Line Assembly of Gipps. "Security is as tight as is reasonably possible the aport were the However, if an individual is Those was read. sufficiently determined, he or in kou: his and she may succeed in breaching our eoclosures," he said 'We take every step possible to ensure that animal endosures protect the public from what we must remember are wild animals."

Hug your children, it helps them growspecialist

LONDON (R) - Hng your children if you want them to grow tall, a top British child specialist advised Tuesday. Professor Charles Brook said children who do not feel loved produce less growth bormone. "Lack of nurturing seems to affect children's ability to produce the right hormones to grow proper-ly," be told fellow scientists

Hong Kong to lose queen's birthday

BELIING (AFP) — Dichard Hong Kong royalists wanting to celebrate Queen Elizabeth II's birthday will have to do so at work after 1997, following China's decision Tuesday to abolish "colonialist" public bolidays when it takes over the British colony. The decision was made by the Cultoral Affairs Panel of the Hong Kong Preliminary Working Committee - set up to oversee the 1997 handover of sovereignty — which also ruled out the continued use of emblems and names of public organs "with a col-onialist tinge." While Hong Kong residents will continue to enjoy the existing 17 days of public holidays per year, those bolidays "smacking of colonialism, such as the birthday of the British and the B day of the British queen, must be abolished," the panel said in a statement carried by the official Xinhua News Agency.

Jordan, Israel end talks

(Continued from page 1)

nian side to be followed by a session between Oct. 10 and

Half of this lengthy session will be held at the Jordanian side and the other half at the Israeli side of the Dead Sea,

In reply to a question concerning the formation of a Jordanian-Israeli-Palestinian ioint committee. Dr. Muasber said that the prop-osal originated with the Israelis, but no final agree- tasks."

meot had been reached yet. But, he added, the future stage requires from the three sides to reach a formula on joint coordination on issues that are of direct impact on their respective interests.

Dr. Muasher said: "We do not expect rapid progress on the outstanding issues listed in the agenda concerning water and borders, but the concerned committee will pursue their meetings to finish their

Hardliners stage strike

(Continued from page 1)

General Command and Abu Mousa's, Fatah. They are among 10 Syria-based factions opposed to the peace accord and the PLO's lead-

No violence was reported in the protest sit-ins involving a couple of hundred refugees from the camps of Beddawi and Nahr Al Bared north of Tripoli, Lebanoo's secondlargest city in the north, and refugees and activists in Sidon, provincial capital of South Lebanon.

Last year, a protest by pro-Iranians in Beirut marking the accord's signing led to a confrontation with troops, who killed nine protesters.

Refugees who turned out for a one-hour sit-in outside the offices of the U.N. Relief and Works Agency (UN-RWA) carried placards denouncing the autonomy deal as "humiliating" and the role of the Palestinian self-rule authority in Gaza and Jeticho as "suspicious."

Peres, Arafat meet

(Continued from page 1)

Palestinian budget, Mr. Peres replied: "No. It was agreed clearly donors would contri-bute for the implementation of Gaza and Jericho (pro-

The Israeli foreign minister said aid to East Jerusalem would not be stopped, but he would not permit it to be administered by a Palestinian authority. "They don't have jurisdiction," be added.

Donors have promised about \$2.5 billion to belp boost the peace process, including more than \$600 million in the first year of self-rule. So far, little of that has arrived.

Norwegian officials, who invited donor countries to Osio after the collapse of the Paris meeting, said they were hoping to prevent contentious issues such as East Jerusalem from coming up in Tuesday's talks between Mr. Peres and Mr. Arafat.

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